

Jogeshwari (East), Mumbai – 400060

Teaching Plan

2018-19

Subject: Micro Economics Class: FYBA Sem: I & II

Faculty Name: Nazish Sayyad

Month	Topics to be covered	Assigned Lecture	Lectures Undertaken
June-July	Module-1: Introduction to Microeconomics Micro economics: Meaning, Scope, Nature, Importance and Limitations; Basic Economic Problems, Role of Price Mechanism in a Market Economy, Positive Economics and Normative Economics, Concepts of Equation, Functions, Graphs, Diagrams, Line, Slope and Intercept Module - II: Ten Principles of Economics Trade-Off Faced by the Individuals Significance of Opportunity Cost in Decision Making Thinking at the Margin, Responses to incentives Benefits from Exchange, Organization of Economic Activities through Markets and its Benefits Role of Government in inproving Market Outcomes, Dependence of Standard of Living on Productions Growth in Quantity of Money; Inflation and Unemployment Trade Off	24	24
August- September -October	Module III: Markets, Demand and Supply What is a Market, What is Competition Demand Curves: Market Demand versus Individual Demand, Movements along the Demand Curve, Shifts in the Demand Curve, Supply Curves Market Supply and Individual Supply, Shifts in Supply Curve, Market Equilibrium Three Steps to Analyze Changes in Equilibriums Price Elasticity of Demand, Methods	24	24



ISMAIL YUSUF COLLEGE OF ARTS, SCIENCE & COMMERCE

	of Measuring Price Elasticity of Demand-Total Outlay Method, Percentage Method and Point Method Concepts of Income Elasticity of Demand, Cross Elasticity of Demand and Promotional Elasticity of Demand Module IV: Consumer's Behavior Introduction to Cardinal and Ordinal Approaches; Indifference Curve Analysis - Properties of Indifference Curves, Budget Line, and Consumer's Equilibrium Income, Price and Substitution Effect: Derivation of Demand Curve, Consumer's Surplus Strong Otkring and Wenk Ordering		
Dec-Jan	Module 1: Production Analysis	24	24
	(12 Lectures)		
	Prodution Function Concept And Types Concepts of Total, Average and Marginal Product, Law of Variable Proportion and Returns to Scale, Isoquant and Producer's Equilibrium		
	Module II: Cost & Revenue Analysis		
	(12 lectures)		
	Concepts of Costs Money and Real Cost, Social Cost, Private Cost, Explicit and Implicit Cost Opportunity Cost: Relationship between Average, Manginl and Total Cost, Derivation of Short Run and Long RunCost Curves, Corrupts of Revenue: Types and Intendationship		
Feb-	Module III: Factor Pricing	24	24
March	(12 lectures)		
	Marginal Productivity Theory of Distribution Rent Ricatan Theory of Rent, Modem Theory of Rent, Quasi Rent, Wages Modem Theory of Wages,		



ISMAIL YUSUF COLLEGE OF ARTS, SCIENCE & COMMERCE

Collective Bargaining Supply Curve of Labour,
Interest: Classical Theory of Interest, Lonnable
Fuxis Theory of Interest, Profit: Risk and
Uncertainty Theory, Innovation Theory
Module IV: Equilibrium in Different Market
Structure
(12 Lectures)
Concept Of Equilibrium TR-TC Ani MR MC
Approacht Faturns of Perfect Competition
Monopoly and Monopolistic Competition, Short
Run and Long Run Equilibrium of Firm and
Industry under each Market Conditor, Selling Cost
and Wastages under Monopolistic Competition



Jogeshwari (East), Mumbai – 400060

Teaching Plan

2019-20

Subject: Micro Economics Class: FYBA Sem: I & II

Faculty Name: Nazish Sayyad

Month	Topics to be covered	Assigned Lecture	Lectures Undertaken
June-July	Module-1: Introduction to Microeconomics Micro economics: Meaning, Scope, Nature, Importance and Limitations; Basic Economic Problems, Role of Price Mechanism in a Market Economy, Positive Economics and Normative Economics, Concepts of Equation, Functions, Graphs, Diagrams, Line, Slope and Intercept Module - II: Ten Principles of Economics Trade-Off Faced by the Individuals Significance of Opportunity Cost in Decision Making Thinking at the Margin, Responses to incentives Benefits from Exchange, Organization of Economic Activities through Markets and its Benefits Role of Government in inproving Market Outcomes, Dependence of Standard of Living on Productions Growth in Quantity of Money; Inflation and Unemployment Trade Off	24	24
August- September -October	Module III: Markets, Demand and Supply What is a Market, What is Competition Demand Curves: Market Demand versus Individual Demand, Movements along the Demand Curve, Shifts in the Demand Curve, Supply Curves Market Supply and Individual Supply, Shifts in Supply Curve, Market Equilibrium Three Steps to Analyze Changes in Equilibriums Price Elasticity of Demand, Methods of Measuring Price Elasticity of Demand-Total Outlay Method, Percentage Method and Point	24	24



ISMAIL YUSUF COLLEGE OF ARTS, SCIENCE & COMMERCE

	Jogeshwaii (Last), Mullibai – 400000		
	Method Concepts of Income Elasticity of Demand, Cross Elasticity of Demand and Promotional Elasticity of Demand		
	Module IV: Consumer's Behavior Introduction to Cardinal and Ordinal Approaches; Indifference Curve Analysis - Properties of Indifference Curves, Budget Line, and Consumer's Equilibrium Income, Price and Substitution Effect: Derivation of Demand Curve, Consumer's Surplus Strong Otkring and Wenk Ordering		
Dec-Jan	Module 1: Production Analysis	24	24
	(12 Lectures)		
	Prodution Function Concept And Types Concepts of Total, Average and Marginal Product, Law of Variable Proportion and Returns to Scale, Isoquant and Producer's Equilibrium		
	Module II: Cost & Revenue Analysis		
	(12 lectures)		
	Concepts of Costs Money and Real Cost, Social Cost, Private Cost, Explicit and Implicit Cost Opportunity Cost: Relationship between Average, Manginl and Total Cost, Derivation of Short Run and Long RunCost Curves, Corrupts of Revenue: Types and Intendationship		
Feb-	Module III: Factor Pricing	24	24
March	(12 lectures)		
	Marginal Productivity Theory of Distribution Rent Ricatan Theory of Rent, Modem Theory of Rent, Quasi Rent, Wages Modem Theory of Wages, Collective Bargaining Supply Curve of Labour, Interest: Classical Theory of Interest, Lonnable		



ISMAIL YUSUF COLLEGE OF ARTS, SCIENCE & COMMERCE

Fuxis Theory of Interest, Profit: Risk and Uncertainty Theory, Innovation Theory		
Module IV: Equilibrium in Different Market Structure		
(12 Lectures)		
Concept Of Equilibrium TR-TC Ani MR MC Approacht Faturns of Perfect Competition Monopoly and Monopolistic Competition, Short Run and Long Run Equilibrium of Firm and Industry under each Market Conditor, Selling Cost		
and Wastages under Monopolistic Competition		



Jogeshwari (East), Mumbai – 400060

Teaching Plan

2020-21

Subject: Micro Economics Class: FYBA Sem: I & II

Faculty Name: Nazish Sayyad And Amina Shaikh

Month	Topics to be covered	Assigned Lecture	Lectures Undertaken
June-July	Module-1: Introduction to Microeconomics Micro economics: Meaning, Scope, Nature, Importance and Limitations; Basic Economic Problems, Role of Price Mechanism in a Market Economy, Positive Economics and Normative Economics, Concepts of Equation, Functions, Graphs, Diagrams, Line, Slope and Intercept Module - II: Ten Principles of Economics Trade-Off Faced by the Individuals Significance of Opportunity Cost in Decision Making Thinking at the Margin, Responses to incentives Benefits from Exchange, Organization of Economic Activities through Markets and its Benefits Role of Government in inproving Market Outcomes, Dependence of Standard of Living on Productions Growth in Quantity of Money; Inflation and Unemployment Trade Off	24	24
August- September -October	Module III: Markets, Demand and Supply What is a Market, What is Competition Demand Curves: Market Demand versus Individual Demand, Movements along the Demand Curve, Shifts in the Demand Curve, Supply Curves Market Supply and Individual Supply, Shifts in Supply Curve, Market Equilibrium Three Steps to Analyze Changes in Equilibriums Price Elasticity of Demand, Methods	24	24



ISMAIL YUSUF COLLEGE OF ARTS, SCIENCE & COMMERCE

	of Measuring Price Elasticity of Demand-Total Outlay Method, Percentage Method and Point Method Concepts of Income Elasticity of Demand, Cross Elasticity of Demand and Promotional Elasticity of Demand Module IV: Consumer's Behavior Introduction to Cardinal and Ordinal Approaches; Indifference Curve Analysis - Properties of Indifference Curves, Budget Line, and Consumer's Equilibrium Income, Price and Substitution Effect: Derivation of Demand Curve, Consumer's Surplus Strong Otkring and Wenk Ordering		
Dec-Jan	Module 1: Production Analysis	24	24
	(12 Lectures)		
	Prodution Function Concept And Types Concepts of Total, Average and Marginal Product, Law of Variable Proportion and Returns to Scale, Isoquant and Producer's Equilibrium		
	Module II: Cost & Revenue Analysis		
	(12 lectures)		
	Concepts of Costs Money and Real Cost, Social Cost, Private Cost, Explicit and Implicit Cost Opportunity Cost: Relationship between Average, Manginl and Total Cost, Derivation of Short Run and Long RunCost Curves, Corrupts of Revenue: Types and Intendationship		
Feb-	Module III: Factor Pricing	24	24
March	(12 lectures)		
	Marginal Productivity Theory of Distribution Rent Ricatan Theory of Rent, Modem Theory of Rent, Quasi Rent, Wages Modem Theory of Wages,		



ISMAIL YUSUF COLLEGE OF ARTS, SCIENCE & COMMERCE

Collective Bargaining Supply Curve of Labour,		
Interest: Classical Theory of Interest, Lonnable		İ
Fuxis Theory of Interest, Profit: Risk and		İ
Uncertainty Theory, Innovation Theory		
Module IV: Equilibrium in Different Market Structure		
(12 Lectures)		
Concept Of Equilibrium TR-TC Ani MR MC		
Approacht Faturns of Perfect Competition		
Monopoly and Monopolistic Competition, Short		
Run and Long Run Equilibrium of Firm and		
Industry under each Market Conditor, Selling Cost		
and Wastages under Monopolistic Competition		



Jogeshwari (East), Mumbai – 400060

Teaching Plan

2021-22

Subject: Micro Economics Class: FYBA Sem: I & II

Faculty Name: Nazish Sayyad And Amina Shaikh

Month	Topics to be covered	Assigned Lecture	Lectures Undertaken
June-July	Module-1: Introduction to Microeconomics Micro economics: Meaning, Scope, Nature, Importance and Limitations; Basic Economic Problems, Role of Price Mechanism in a Market Economy, Positive Economics and Normative Economics, Concepts of Equation, Functions, Graphs, Diagrams, Line, Slope and Intercept Module - II: Ten Principles of Economics Trade-Off Faced by the Individuals Significance of Opportunity Cost in Decision Making Thinking at the Margin, Responses to incentives Benefits from Exchange, Organization of Economic Activities through Markets and its Benefits Role of Government in inproving Market Outcomes, Dependence of Standard of Living on Productions Growth in Quantity of Money; Inflation and Unemployment Trade Off	24	24
August- September -October	Module III: Markets, Demand and Supply What is a Market, What is Competition Demand Curves: Market Demand versus Individual Demand, Movements along the Demand Curve, Shifts in the Demand Curve, Supply Curves Market Supply and Individual Supply, Shifts in Supply Curve, Market Equilibrium Three Steps to Analyze Changes in	24	24



ISMAIL YUSUF COLLEGE OF ARTS, SCIENCE & COMMERCE

	Equilibriums Price Elasticity of Demand, Methods of Measuring Price Elasticity of Demand-Total Outlay Method, Percentage Method and Point Method Concepts of Income Elasticity of Demand, Cross Elasticity of Demand and Promotional Elasticity of Demand Module IV: Consumer's Behavior Introduction to Cardinal and Ordinal Approaches; Indifference Curve Analysis - Properties of Indifference Curves, Budget Line, and Consumer's Equilibrium Income, Price and Substitution Effect: Derivation of Demand Curve, Consumer's Surplus Strong Otkring and Wenk Ordering		
Dec-Jan	Module 1: Production Analysis	24	24
	(12 Lectures)		
	Prodution Function Concept And Types Concepts of Total, Average and Marginal Product, Law of Variable Proportion and Returns to Scale, Isoquant and Producer's Equilibrium		
	Module II: Cost & Revenue Analysis		
	(12 lectures)		
	Concepts of Costs Money and Real Cost, Social Cost, Private Cost, Explicit and Implicit Cost Opportunity Cost: Relationship between Average, Manginl and Total Cost, Derivation of Short Run and Long RunCost Curves, Corrupts of Revenue: Types and Intendationship		
Feb-	Module III: Factor Pricing	24	24
March	(12 lectures)		
	Marginal Productivity Theory of Distribution Rent Ricatan Theory of Rent, Modem Theory of Rent,		



ISMAIL YUSUF COLLEGE OF ARTS, SCIENCE & COMMERCE

Quasi Rent, Wages Modem Theory of Wages,	
Collective Bargaining Supply Curve of Labour,	
Interest: Classical Theory of Interest, Lonnable	
Fuxis Theory of Interest, Profit: Risk and	
Uncertainty Theory, Innovation Theory	
Module IV: Equilibrium in Different Market	
Structure	
(12 Lectures)	
Concept Of Equilibrium TR-TC Ani MR MC	
Approacht Faturns of Perfect Competition	
Monopoly and Monopolistic Competition, Short	
Run and Long Run Equilibrium of Firm and	
Industry under each Market Conditor, Selling Cost	
and Wastages under Monopolistic Competition	



Jogeshwari (East), Mumbai – 400060

Teaching Plan

2022-23

Subject: Micro Economics Class: FYBA Sem: I & II

Faculty Name: Nazish Sayyad And Amina Shaikh

Month	Topics to be covered	Assigned Lecture	Lectures Undertaken
June-July	Module-1: Introduction to Microeconomics Micro economics: Meaning, Scope, Nature, Importance and Limitations; Basic Economic Problems, Role of Price Mechanism in a Market Economy, Positive Economics and Normative Economics, Concepts of Equation, Functions, Graphs, Diagrams, Line, Slope and Intercept Module - II: Ten Principles of Economics Trade-Off Faced by the Individuals Significance of Opportunity Cost in Decision Making Thinking at the Margin, Responses to incentives Benefits from Exchange, Organization of Economic Activities through Markets and its Benefits Role of Government in inproving Market Outcomes, Dependence of Standard of Living on Productions Growth in Quantity of Money; Inflation and Unemployment Trade Off	24	24
August- September -October	Module III: Markets, Demand and Supply What is a Market, What is Competition Demand Curves: Market Demand versus Individual Demand, Movements along the Demand Curve, Shifts in the Demand Curve, Supply Curves Market Supply and Individual Supply, Shifts in Supply Curve, Market Equilibrium Three Steps to Analyze Changes in Equilibriums Price Elasticity of Demand, Methods of Measuring Price Elasticity of Demand-Total	24	24



ISMAIL YUSUF COLLEGE OF ARTS, SCIENCE & COMMERCE

	Outlay Method, Percentage Method and Point Method Concepts of Income Elasticity of Demand, Cross Elasticity of Demand and Promotional Elasticity of Demand		
	Module IV: Consumer's Behavior Introduction to Cardinal and Ordinal Approaches; Indifference Curve Analysis - Properties of Indifference Curves, Budget Line, and Consumer's Equilibrium Income, Price and Substitution Effect: Derivation of Demand Curve, Consumer's Surplus Strong Otkring and Wenk Ordering		
Dec-Jan	Module 1: Production Analysis	24	24
	(12 Lectures)		
	Prodution Function Concept And Types Concepts of Total, Average and Marginal Product, Law of Variable Proportion and Returns to Scale, Isoquant and Producer's Equilibrium		
	Module II: Cost & Revenue Analysis		
	(12 lectures)		
	Concepts of Costs Money and Real Cost, Social Cost, Private Cost, Explicit and Implicit Cost Opportunity Cost: Relationship between Average, Manginl and Total Cost, Derivation of Short Run and Long RunCost Curves, Corrupts of Revenue: Types and Intendationship		
Feb-	Module III: Factor Pricing	24	24
March	(12 lectures)		
	Marginal Productivity Theory of Distribution Rent Ricatan Theory of Rent, Modem Theory of Rent, Quasi Rent, Wages Modem Theory of Wages, Collective Bargaining Supply Curve of Labour,		



ISMAIL YUSUF COLLEGE OF ARTS, SCIENCE & COMMERCE

Interest: Classical Theory of Interest, Lonnable
Fuxis Theory of Interest, Profit: Risk and
Uncertainty Theory, Innovation Theory
Module IV: Equilibrium in Different Market
Structure
(12 Lectures)
Concept Of Equilibrium TR-TC Ani MR MC
Approacht Faturns of Perfect Competition
Monopoly and Monopolistic Competition, Short
Run and Long Run Equilibrium of Firm and
Industry under each Market Conditor, Selling Cost
and Wastages under Monopolistic Competition



Jogeshwari (East), Mumbai – 400060

Teaching Plan

2023-24

Subject: Micro Economics Class: FYBA Sem: I & II

Faculty Name: Dr. Prof. Anil Chougule

Month	Topics to be covered	Assigned Lecture	Lectures Undertaken
June-July	Module-1: Introduction to Microeconomics Micro economics: Meaning, Scope, Nature, Importance and Limitations; Basic Economic Problems, Role of Price Mechanism in a Market Economy, Positive Economics and Normative Economics, Concepts of Equation, Functions, Graphs, Diagrams, Line, Slope and Intercept Module - II: Ten Principles of Economics Trade-Off Faced by the Individuals Significance of Opportunity Cost in Decision Making Thinking at the Margin, Responses to incentives Benefits from Exchange, Organization of Economic Activities through Markets and its Benefits Role of Government in inproving Market Outcomes, Dependence of Standard of Living on Productions Growth in Quantity of Money; Inflation and Unemployment Trade Off	24	24
August- September -October	Module III: Markets, Demand and Supply What is a Market, What is Competition Demand Curves: Market Demand versus Individual Demand, Movements along the Demand Curve, Shifts in the Demand Curve, Supply Curves Market Supply and Individual Supply, Shifts in Supply Curve, Market Equilibrium Three Steps to Analyze Changes in Equilibriums Price Elasticity of Demand, Methods of Measuring Price Elasticity of Demand-Total	24	24



ISMAIL YUSUF COLLEGE OF ARTS, SCIENCE & COMMERCE

	Outlay Method, Percentage Method and Point Method Concepts of Income Elasticity of Demand, Cross Elasticity of Demand and Promotional Elasticity of Demand Module IV: Consumer's Behavior Introduction to Cardinal and Ordinal Approaches; Indifference Curve Analysis - Properties of Indifference Curves, Budget Line, and Consumer's Equilibrium Income, Price and Substitution Effect: Derivation of Demand Curve, Consumer's Surplus Strong Otkring and Wenk Ordering		
Dec-Jan	Module 1: Production Analysis (12 Lectures) Prodution Function Concept And Types Concepts of Total, Average and Marginal Product, Law of Variable Proportion and Returns to Scale, Isoquant and Producer's Equilibrium Module II: Cost & Revenue Analysis (12 lectures) Concepts of Costs Money and Real Cost, Social Cost, Private Cost, Explicit and Implicit Cost Opportunity Cost: Relationship between Average, Manginl and Total Cost, Derivation of Short Run and Long RunCost Curves, Corrupts of Revenue: Types and Intendationship	24	24
Feb- March	Module III: Factor Pricing (12 lectures) Marginal Productivity Theory of Distribution Rent Ricatan Theory of Rent, Modem Theory of Rent, Quasi Rent, Wages Modem Theory of Wages, Collective Bargaining Supply Curve of Labour,	24	24



ISMAIL YUSUF COLLEGE OF ARTS, SCIENCE & COMMERCE

	Interest: Classical Theory of Interest, Lonnable		
1	Fuxis Theory of Interest, Profit: Risk and		
1	Uncertainty Theory, Innovation Theory		
I	Module IV: Equilibrium in Different Market		
2	Structure		
	(12 Lectures)		
	Concept Of Equilibrium TR-TC Ani MR MC		
	Approacht Faturns of Perfect Competition		
	Monopoly and Monopolistic Competition, Short		
	Run and Long Run Equilibrium of Firm and		
	Industry under each Market Conditor, Selling Cost		
	and Wastages under Monopolistic Competition		



Jogeshwari (East), Mumbai – 400060

Teaching Plan

2018-19

Subject: Macro Economics Class: SYBA Sem: III & IV

Faculty Name: Shabana Shaikh & Nazish Sayyad

Month	Topics to be covered	Assigned Lecture	Lectures Undertaken
June-July	Introduction: Meaning and scope of Macro Economics - Concepts of National Income aggregates: GNP, NNP, GDP, NDP, Per Capita Income, Personal Income and Disposal Income - Methods and difficulties in Measurement of National Income - Circular flow of Income : closed (Two and Three sector Models) open economy models - Trade cycles : Features and phases 15 Lectures Unit II : Consumption, Investment and Employment Say's law of market - Theory of Effective demand - Consumption function -	22	22
August- September -October	Investment function – Marginal Efficiency of Capital and rate of interest - Investment multiplier and Accelerator. 15 Lectures Unit III: Money and inflation: Meaning and function of Money - Supply of money: Constituents – Determinants of money supply. Velocity of circulation of money - RBI's approach to measurement of money supply (Liquidity measures). Demand for Money: Classical - Neo-classical - Keynesian- Friedman's approaches. Inflation: Types –	23	23



ISMAIL YUSUF COLLEGE OF ARTS, SCIENCE & COMMERCE

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	Causes – Effects – Measures to control inflation.		
Dec-Jan	Unit I: Banking in India Commercial Banks: Functions - Multiple Credit Creation Process and its limitations - Performance of commercial banks since 1991. Central Bank: Functions of RBI – Monetary policy: Objectives and Instruments – Narsimham Committee Report of 1998. 15 Lectures Unit II: Financial Markets: Money Market: Components – Instruments - Features of Indian Money market. Money market reforms in India since 1991.	22	22
Feb- March	Capital market: Role of capital market in economic development, Structure of capital market in India (Primary and Secondary markets), Mutual funds. Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI). Unit III: Public Finance: Nature and Scope of Public Finance - Sources of Public Revenue – Canons of taxation – Merits and demerits of direct and indirect taxes. Public Expenditure: Classification – Causes of growing public expenditure. Public debt: Types, Burdens of internal and external public debt – Concepts of deficit	23	23



Jogeshwari (East), Mumbai – 400060

Teaching Plan

2019-20

Subject: Macro Economics Class: SYBA Sem: III & IV

Faculty Name: Mrs.Patel & Nazish Sayyad

Month	Topics to be covered	Assigned Lecture	Lectures Undertaken
June-July	Introduction: Meaning and scope of Macro Economics - Concepts of National Income aggregates: GNP, NNP, GDP, NDP, Per Capita Income, Personal Income and Disposal Income - Methods and difficulties in Measurement of National Income - Circular flow of Income : closed (Two and Three sector Models) open economy models - Trade cycles : Features and phases 15 Lectures Unit II : Consumption, Investment and Employment Say's law of market - Theory of Effective demand - Consumption function -	22	22
August- September -October	Investment function – Marginal Efficiency of Capital and rate of interest - Investment multiplier and Accelerator. 15 Lectures Unit III: Money and inflation: Meaning and function of Money - Supply of money: Constituents – Determinants of money supply. Velocity of circulation of money - RBI's approach to measurement of money supply (Liquidity measures). Demand for Money: Classical - Neo-classical - Keynesian- Friedman's approaches. Inflation: Types – Causes – Effects – Measures to control inflatio	23	23



ISMAIL YUSUF COLLEGE OF ARTS, SCIENCE & COMMERCE

Dec-Jan	Unit I: Banking in India Commercial Banks: Functions	22	22	
	- Multiple Credit Creation Process and its limitations -			
	Performance of commercial banks since 1991. Central			
	Bank: Functions of RBI – Monetary policy: Objectives			
	and Instruments – Narsimham Committee Report of			
	1998. 15 Lectures Unit II: Financial Markets: Money			
	Market: Components – Instruments - Features of Indian			
	Money market. Money market reforms in India since			
	1991			
Feb-	Capital market: Role of capital market in economic	23	23	
March	development, Structure of capital market in India			
	(Primary and Secondary markets), Mutual funds.			
	Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI). Unit III			
	: Public Finance: Nature and Scope of Public Finance -			
	Sources of Public Revenue – Canons of taxation –			
	Merits and demerits of direct and indirect taxes. Public			
	Expenditure: Classification – Causes of growing public			
	expenditure. Public debt: Types, Burdens of internal and			
	external public debt – Concepts of defic			



Jogeshwari (East), Mumbai – 400060

Teaching Plan

2020-21

Subject: Macro Economics Class: SYBA Sem: III & IV

Faculty Name: Amina Shaikh & Nazish Sayyad

Month	Topics to be covered	Assigned Lecture	Lectures Undertaken
June-July	Introduction: Meaning and scope of Macro Economics - Concepts of National Income aggregates: GNP, NNP, GDP, NDP, Per Capita Income, Personal Income and Disposal Income - Methods and difficulties in Measurement of National Income - Circular flow of Income : closed (Two and Three sector Models) open economy models - Trade cycles : Features and phases 15 Lectures Unit II : Consumption, Investment and Employment Say's law of market - Theory of Effective demand - Consumption function -	22	22
August- September -October	Investment function – Marginal Efficiency of Capital and rate of interest - Investment multiplier and Accelerator. 15 Lectures Unit III: Money and inflation: Meaning and function of Money - Supply of money: Constituents – Determinants of money supply. Velocity of circulation of money - RBI's approach to measurement of money supply (Liquidity measures). Demand for Money: Classical - Neo-classical - Keynesian- Friedman's approaches. Inflation: Types – Causes – Effects – Measures to control inflation.	23	23



ISMAIL YUSUF COLLEGE OF ARTS, SCIENCE & COMMERCE

Dec-Jan	Unit I: Banking in India Commercial Banks: Functions - Multiple Credit Creation Process and its limitations - Performance of commercial banks since 1991. Central Bank: Functions of RBI – Monetary policy: Objectives and Instruments – Narsimham Committee Report of 1998. 15 Lectures Unit II: Financial Markets: Money	22	22
	Market: Components – Instruments - Features of Indian		
	Money market. Money market reforms in India since 1991.		
Feb-	Capital market: Role of capital market in economic	23	23
March	development, Structure of capital market in India (Primary and Secondary markets), Mutual funds. Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI). Unit III: Public Finance: Nature and Scope of Public Finance - Sources of Public Revenue – Canons of taxation – Merits and demerits of direct and indirect taxes. Public Expenditure: Classification – Causes of growing public expenditure. Public debt: Types, Burdens of internal and external public debt – Concepts of deficit.		



Jogeshwari (East), Mumbai – 400060

2021-22

Subject: Macro Economics Class : SYBA Sem: III & IV

Faculty Name: Amina Shaikh & Nazish Sayyad

Month	Topics to be covered	Assigned Lecture	Lectures Undertaken
June-July	Introduction: Meaning and scope of Macro Economics - Concepts of National Income aggregates: GNP, NNP, GDP, NDP, Per Capita Income, Personal Income and Disposal Income - Methods and difficulties in Measurement of National Income - Circular flow of Income : closed (Two and Three sector Models) open economy models - Trade cycles : Features and phases 15 Lectures Unit II : Consumption, Investment and Employment Say's law of market - Theory of Effective demand - Consumption function -	22	22
August- September -October	Investment function – Marginal Efficiency of Capital and rate of interest - Investment multiplier and Accelerator. 15 Lectures Unit III: Money and inflation: Meaning and function of Money - Supply of money: Constituents – Determinants of money supply. Velocity of circulation of money - RBI's approach to measurement of money supply (Liquidity measures). Demand for Money: Classical - Neo-classical - Keynesian- Friedman's approaches. Inflation: Types – Causes – Effects – Measures to control inflation.	23	23



ISMAIL YUSUF COLLEGE OF ARTS, SCIENCE & COMMERCE

Dec-Jan	Unit I: Banking in India Commercial Banks: Functions - Multiple Credit Creation Process and its limitations - Performance of commercial banks since 1991. Central Bank: Functions of RBI – Monetary policy: Objectives and Instruments – Narsimham Committee Report of 1998. 15 Lectures Unit II: Financial Markets: Money	22	22
	Market: Components – Instruments - Features of Indian		
	Money market. Money market reforms in India since 1991.		
Feb-	Capital market: Role of capital market in economic	23	23
March	development, Structure of capital market in India (Primary and Secondary markets), Mutual funds. Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI). Unit III: Public Finance: Nature and Scope of Public Finance - Sources of Public Revenue – Canons of taxation – Merits and demerits of direct and indirect taxes. Public Expenditure: Classification – Causes of growing public expenditure. Public debt: Types, Burdens of internal and external public debt – Concepts of deficit.		



Jogeshwari (East), Mumbai – 400060

2022-23

Subject: Macro Economics Class : SYBA Sem: III & IV

Faculty Name: Amina Shaikh & Nazish Sayyad

Month	Topics to be covered	Assigned Lecture	Lectures Undertaken
June-July	Introduction: Meaning and scope of Macro Economics - Concepts of National Income aggregates: GNP, NNP, GDP, NDP, Per Capita Income, Personal Income and Disposal Income - Methods and difficulties in Measurement of National Income - Circular flow of Income : closed (Two and Three sector Models) open economy models - Trade cycles : Features and phases 15 Lectures Unit II : Consumption, Investment and Employment Say's law of market - Theory of Effective demand - Consumption function -	22	22
August- September -October	Investment function – Marginal Efficiency of Capital and rate of interest - Investment multiplier and Accelerator. 15 Lectures Unit III: Money and inflation: Meaning and function of Money - Supply of money: Constituents – Determinants of money supply. Velocity of circulation of money - RBI's approach to measurement of money supply (Liquidity measures). Demand for Money: Classical - Neo-classical - Keynesian- Friedman's approaches. Inflation: Types – Causes – Effects – Measures to control inflation.	23	23



ISMAIL YUSUF COLLEGE OF ARTS, SCIENCE & COMMERCE

Dec-Jan	Unit I: Banking in India Commercial Banks: Functions - Multiple Credit Creation Process and its limitations - Performance of commercial banks since 1991. Central Bank: Functions of RBI – Monetary policy: Objectives and Instruments – Narsimham Committee Report of 1998. 15 Lectures Unit II: Financial Markets: Money	22	22
	Market: Components – Instruments - Features of Indian		
	Money market. Money market reforms in India since 1991.		
Feb-	Capital market: Role of capital market in economic	23	23
March	development, Structure of capital market in India (Primary and Secondary markets), Mutual funds. Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI). Unit III: Public Finance: Nature and Scope of Public Finance - Sources of Public Revenue – Canons of taxation – Merits and demerits of direct and indirect taxes. Public Expenditure: Classification – Causes of growing public expenditure. Public debt: Types, Burdens of internal and external public debt – Concepts of deficit.		



Jogeshwari (East), Mumbai – 400060

2023-24

Subject: Macro Economics Class: SYBA Sem: III & IV

Faculty Name: Dr. Prof. Anil Chougule & Dr. Prof. Ritesh Singhal

Month	Topics to be covered	Assigned Lecture	Lectures Undertaken
June-July	Introduction: Meaning and scope of Macro Economics - Concepts of National Income aggregates: GNP, NNP, GDP, NDP, Per Capita Income, Personal Income and Disposal Income - Methods and difficulties in Measurement of National Income - Circular flow of Income : closed (Two and Three sector Models) open economy models - Trade cycles : Features and phases 15 Lectures Unit II : Consumption, Investment and Employment Say's law of market - Theory of Effective demand - Consumption function -	22	22
August- September -October	Investment function – Marginal Efficiency of Capital and rate of interest - Investment multiplier and Accelerator. 15 Lectures Unit III: Money and inflation: Meaning and function of Money - Supply of money: Constituents – Determinants of money supply. Velocity of circulation of money - RBI's approach to measurement of money supply (Liquidity measures). Demand for Money: Classical - Neo-classical - Keynesian- Friedman's approaches. Inflation: Types – Causes – Effects – Measures to control inflation.	23	23



ISMAIL YUSUF COLLEGE OF ARTS, SCIENCE & COMMERCE

Dec-Jan	Unit I: Banking in India Commercial Banks: Functions - Multiple Credit Creation Process and its limitations - Performance of commercial banks since 1991. Central Bank: Functions of RBI – Monetary policy: Objectives and Instruments – Narsimham Committee Report of 1998. 15 Lectures Unit II: Financial Markets: Money Market: Components – Instruments - Features of Indian Money market. Money market reforms in India since 1991.	22	22
Feb- March	Capital market: Role of capital market in economic development, Structure of capital market in India (Primary and Secondary markets), Mutual funds. Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI). Unit III: Public Finance: Nature and Scope of Public Finance - Sources of Public Revenue – Canons of taxation – Merits and demerits of direct and indirect taxes. Public Expenditure: Classification – Causes of growing public expenditure. Public debt: Types, Burdens of internal and external public debt – Concepts of deficit.	23	23



Jogeshwari (East), Mumbai – 400060

Teaching Plan 2018-19

Subject: ADVANCED MICROECONOMICS - III Class: TYBA Sem: V & VI

Faculty Name: Shabana Shaikh

Month	Topics to be covered	Assigned Lecture	Lectures Undertaken
June &	Module 1: General Equilibrium and Welfare	26	26
July	Economics		
	Concept of General Equilibrium and Walrasian		
	General Equilibrium Model - Pareto Optimality –		
	The		
	Pareto Optimality Condition of Social Welfare -		
	Marginal Conditions for Pareto Optimal Resource		
	Allocation - Perfect Competition and Pareto		
	Optimality - Arrow's Impossibility Theorem		
	Module 2: Market Structure: Monopoly and		
	Monopolistic Competition		
	Concept of Monopoly - Measurement of Monopoly		
	Power - Price Discrimination: Types and		
	Classification of Price Discrimination (Degrees of		
	Price Discrimination) - Equilibrium under		
	discriminating Monopoly - Regulation of Monopoly		
	Market Product Differentiation in Monopolistic		
	Competition - Chamberlin's Alternative approach-		
	Equilibrium under Monopolistic Competition -		
	Excess		
	Capacity		
August-	Module 3: Oligopoly	24	24
September	The Cournot Model - Meaning and Characteristics		
-October	of Oligopoly Market - Rigid Prices - The Sweezy		
	Model of Kinked Demand Curve - Collusive		
	Oligopoly - Cartel: Centralised and Market Sharing		
	Cartel -		



ISMAIL YUSUF COLLEGE OF ARTS, SCIENCE & COMMERCE

	Jogeshwari (East), Mullibai – 400000		
	Imperfect Collusion- Price Leadership Models, Game Theory - Prisoner's Dilemma, Nash Equilibrium and Dominant Strategy Equilibrium Module 4: Information Economics Economics of Search and Search Cost - The Theory of Asymmetric Information-The Market for Lemons and Adverse Selection - Risk Preference and Expected Utility - The Problem of Moral Hazard - Market Signaling - Principal-Agent Problem		
Dec-Jan	Module 1: Post Keynesian Synthesis (14 Lectures) Derivation of Aggregate Demand Curve with IS- LM - Aggregate Supply Curve - Determination of Equilibrium National Income and Price Level under Aggregate Demand and Aggregate Supply Model - Extension of IS-LM Model with Labour Market and Flexible Prices - Natural Rate of Unemployment- Long run Philips Curve - Friedman's Expectation Model - Tobin's Modified Philips Curve - Adaptive Expectations and Rational Expectations. Module 2: Trade Cycles (12 Lectures) Meaning- Nature- Features and Types of Trade Cycles - Phases of Trade Cycles - Theories of Trade Cycles- Hawtrey's, Kaldor, Paul Samuelson and Hicks - Measures to Control Trade Cycles	26	26
Feb- March	Module 3: Exchange Rate Regimes and Currency Crises (12 Lectures) Managed Exchange Rate- Advantage and Disadvantage - Policy of Managed Flexibility- Adjustable Peg System, Crawling Peg System, Managed Floating System, Clean and Dirty Float System - Balance of	24	24



ISMAIL YUSUF COLLEGE OF ARTS, SCIENCE & COMMERCE

Payment and Exchange Rate - Is Balance of
Payments Always in Balance? – Convertibility of
Currency -
Currency Crisis-Causes, Impact and Measures.
Module 4: International Monetary System (12
Lectures)
Rise and Fall of International Gold Standard -
Bretton Woods System- Breakdown of the Bretton
Woods
System - Monetary System after the Collapse of
Bretton Woods System - Maastricht Treaty,
Features,
Economy - Asia Infrastructure Investment Bank
(AIIB) -
New Development Bank (NDB): Asian
Development Bank (ADB)



Jogeshwari (East), Mumbai – 400060

Teaching Plan

Subject: ECONOMICS OF GROWTH And DEVELOPMENT(SEM V) & INTERNATIONAL ECONOMICS (SEM VI)

Class: TYBA Sem: V & VI

Faculty Name: Rajdeep Kamble

Month	Topics to be covered	Assigned Lecture	Lectures Undertaken
June-july	Module 1: Meaning of Economic Growth and Development (12 Lectures) Concepts of Economic Growth and Development-Distinction between Economic Growth and Development-Concept of Human Development-H.D.I, G.D.I, Green GDP- Sen's Capability approach- Millennium Development Goals (MDGs)- Initiative by Indian government towards MDGs. Module 2: Theories of Economic Development (12 Lectures) Rostow's stages of growth; Big Push Theory-Leibenstein's Critical Minimum Effort Thesis - Harrod - Domar Growth Model- Lewis Model of unlimited supply of labour - Ragner Nurkse's Theory of Disguised Unemployment- Schumpeter's Theory of Development	24	24
August- September -octomber	Module 3: Structural Issues in Development Process (12 Lectures) Concept of Human Capital- Role of Education, Health and nutrition in Human Capital - Meaning	24	24



ISMAIL YUSUF COLLEGE OF ARTS, SCIENCE & COMMERCE

	Jogeshwari (East), Mumbai – 400060		
	and Measurement of Poverty and Inequality- Measures to eradicate poverty and Inequality - Meaning of Inclusive growth - SHG and Microfinance- Migration - Urbanization- Formal and Informal Sector- Urban Informal Sector Module 4: Planning, Technology and Economic Development (12 Lectures) Concept and Role of infrastructure in Economic Development- Role of technology in Economic Development- Labour intensive versus Capital intensive technology- Schumacher's concepts of intermediate and appropriate technology- Green Technology- Meaning and Types of Economic Planning- Role of Planning in Economic Development		
Dec-Jan	Module 1: Introduction to Trade Theories (12 Lectures) Meaning, scope and importance of International Trade- Difference between Internal and International Trade - Adam Smith's Theory of International Trade - Ricardian theory of comparative cost difference Heckscher- Ohlin Theory-Leontief's Paradox- Krugman's Model Module 2: Balance of Trade and Balance of Payment (12 Lectures) Concepts of Terms of Trade(Net barter, Gross barter and Income terms of trade)-Meaning and difference between Balance of Trade (BOT) and Balance of Payment (BOP)-Purchasing Power Parity theory, Law	24	24



ISMAIL YUSUF COLLEGE OF ARTS, SCIENCE & COMMERCE

	of Reciprocal Demand-Marshall-Edgeworth Offer curves, Gains from trade-Case for and against Free Trade and Protection policy			
Feb- March	Module 3: Foreign Exchange Market (12 Lectures) Meaning and Functions of Foreign Exchange Market-Exchange rate determination, Factors influencing foreign exchange rate-Managed Flexibility-SWAP Market, Components of foreign exchange reserves Foreign Aid Vs Foreign Trade, FDI and MNCs Module 4: International Economic Institutions and Economic Integration (12 Lectures) IMF, World Bank - Role and functions-WTO-Objectives, Functions and Agreements with respect to TRIPS,TRIMS, GATS, AoA - Forms and objectives of Economic Integration-Cartels-Trade Blocs, ASEAN- European Union (EU)- NAFTA and SAARC.	24	24	



Jogeshwari (East), Mumbai – 400060

Teaching Plan

Subject: INDUSTRIAL AND LABOUR ECONOMICS-I (SEM V) & INDUSTRIAL AND

LABOUR ECONOMICS-I (SEM VI)

Class: TYBA Sem: V & VI

Faculty Name: Miss.Anisa

Month	Topics to be covered	Assigned Lecture	Lectures Undertaken
June-July	Module 1: Introduction (12 Lectures) Meaning and Scope of Industrial Economics- Industrial Profile- Private sector- Performance and Problems - Cooperatives sector and its role, merits and demerits- Public Sector — Role - Performance and Problems -Role of agriculture in Industrial development, Industrial Combinations - Motives for Mergers and Acquisitions. Module 2: Industrial Location and Problem of Regional Imbalance (12 Lectures) Determinants of Industrial Location, Theories of Industrial Location - Weber's and Sargent Florence's Theories, Dispersal and Decentralization of Industries, Problem of Regional Imbalance.	24	24
August- September	Module 3: Industrial Productivity and Industrial Sickness (12 Lectures) Concept and Measurement of Industrial Productivity- Factors Affecting Industrial	24	24



ISMAIL YUSUF COLLEGE OF ARTS, SCIENCE & COMMERCE

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-October	Productivity-Industrial Sickness - Causes, Effects and Remedial Measures - Rationalisation - Concept, Aspects and Impact. Module 4: Industrial Development in India (12 Lectures) New Industrial Policy, 1991; Disinvestment Policy; Small Scale Industries and Rural Industrialization; National Manufacturing Policy, 2011 - Recent Trends in India's Industrial Growth- Role of MNCs in the Indian Economy - Merits and Demerits, Industrial Finance in India.		
Dec-Jan	Module 1: Introduction - Indian Labour Market (12 Lectures) Characteristics of the Indian Labour Market, Child Labour and Women Labour -Problems and Measures, Labour Market Reforms - Exit Policy and Need for Safety Nets, Second National Commission on Labour, Globalization and its impact on Indian Labours. Module 2: Trade Unionism (12 Lectures) Definition and Functions of Trade Unions, Historical Evolution of Trade Unions in India and their Present Status- Problems of Trade Unions in India-Role of Outside Leadership- International Labour Organization.	24	24
Feb-Marc	Module 3: Industrial Relations (12 Lectures) Causes of Industrial Disputes and Their Settlement Mechanism- Collective Bargaining - Concept, Features - Importance and Pre-requisites for Successful Collective Bargaining - Collective	24	24



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Bargaining in		
India -Workers' Participation in Management-		
Concept, Objectives and Forms of		
Workers'Participation		
in India -Working Conditions and life style of		
Indian workers.		
Module 4: Labour Welfare and Social Security		
(12 Lectures)		
Concept -Theories and Principles of Labour		
Welfare- Agencies for Labour Welfare, Role of the		
Labour		
Welfare Officer - Social Security-Concept; Social		
Assistance and Social Insurance – Social Security		
Measures in India - Indian Labour Legislations.		
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Jogeshwari (East), Mumbai – 400060

Teaching Plan

Subject: **RESEARCH METHODOLOGY – I AND RESEARCH METHODOLOGY II**

Class: TYBA Sem: V & VI

Faculty Name: Miss.Sayali

Month	Topics to be covered	Assigned Lecture	Lectures Undertaken
June-July	Module 1: Introduction to Research (12 Lectures) Meaning and scope of social science research- Basic assumptions of research- Features and importance of social science research- Objectives and types of research; Basic, Applied, Pure, Descriptive, Analytical, and Empirical research- Limitations of social science research Difficulties in social science research Module 2: Formulation of Problem in Social Science Research (12 Lectures) Research process: Identification, selection and formulation of research problem-Sources of research problem - Criteria of a good research problem-Review of literature-Formulation of hypothesis-Research design: Definition, Concepts, and types- Data Collection and analysis- Interpretation and report writing- Use of web search in research process. Module	24	24



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August-	Module 3: Types of Data: Primary and Secondary (12 Lectures)	24	24
Dec-Jan	Types of Data: Primary data and its collection methods: Observation method- Interview Technique - Design of schedule and questionnaire - Survey method and Field visits - Secondary data: Meaning- advantages- sources- relevance and limitations of secondary data- Sampling Techniques: Census and sample survey- Essentials of a good sampling - Advantages and limitations of sampling- Types of sampling: Random sampling and Non-random sampling-Sampling and Non-sampling errors. Module 4: Representation and Analysis of Data (12 Lectures) Classification, Tabulation and Graphical presentation of socio-economic data- Need and importance of data analysis- Statistical analytical tools: Measures of Central Tendency - Measures of Variation: Absolute and relative measures - Quartile deviation, standard deviation, coefficient of variation- Skewness: Meaning and measurement (Karl Pearson's and Bowley's methods) - Preliminaries of computer applications in data organization and data processing.	24	24
DCC-Jan	(10 Lectures)		



ISMAIL YUSUF COLLEGE OF ARTS, SCIENCE & COMMERCE

Ech Mara	Methods of studying correlation- measurement of simple correlation: graphic method- Scatter diagram- Coefficient of correlation- Karl Pearson and rank correlation- Interpretation of r = +1. Linear regression analysis: Meaning, regression lines, regression equation, regression equation relationship between correlation and regression- Analysis of time series-Components- Trend analysis- Moving averages (3, 4 and 5 Yearly)- Method of least square. Module 2: Index Number: (14 Lectures) Meaning and classification of index number - Problems encountered while constructing index numbers- Uses and limitation of index numbers - Methods of constructing index numbers: Simple index: i) Aggregate method ii) Simple average of Relative method - Weighted index: Laspeyer's, Paache's, Fisher's and Marshall- Edgeworth - Base shifting - Deflating and Cost of living index number: Weighted average of Relative method - Aggregate Expenditure method- Chain based index - Concepts of base shifting, splicing, and deflating - Consumer price index- Meaning, need and construction.	24	24
Feb-Marc	Module 3: Hypothesis Formulation and Testing (10 Lectures) Definition and functions of Hypothesis - Criteria of workable Hypothesis - Forms and sources of hypothesis- Concepts in testing of hypothesis: Universe / Population parameter and sample statistics- Types of hypotheses: Null and Alternative	24	24



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Hypotheses-Levels of significance-Critical region -
Type I and
Type II Errors -Student t- test.
Module 4: Research Report Writing (14
Lectures)
Types of research reports: Technical, Popular,
Interim, Summary, Article- Format of a research
report-
Principles of writing the research report:
Organization and style - Contents- Styles of
reporting- Steps in
drafting reports- Editing the final draft-Evaluating
the final draft -Organization of the research report:
Preliminaries, Contents of report, Structuring the
report: Chapter format- Pagination- Identification-
Using quotations, Presenting footnotes-
Abbreviations- Presentation of tables and figures-
Referencing
documentation-Use and format of appendices-
Indexing - Bibliography, Appendices.



Jogeshwari (East), Mumbai – 400060

Teaching Plan

Subject: ENVIRONMENTAL ECONOMICS - I & ENVIRONMENTAL ECONOMICS -

II Class: TYBA Sem:V & VI

Faculty Name: Nazish Sayyad

Month	Topics to be covered	Assigned Lecture	Lectures Undertaken
June-July	Module1: Introduction to Environmental Economics (12 Lectures) Environmental Economics: Nature, Significance and Scope; Environment and the economy; Environmental Kuznets Curve; Common resources, externalities and property rights; Coase Theorem; Rio Declaration and Agenda 21 programme of action for sustainable development. Module 2: The Design and Implementation of Environmental Policy (12 Lectures) Criteria for evaluating environmental policies; Tools of Environmental Policy: Standards, Pigovian taxes/effluent fees, quotas/tradable permits; Choice between taxes and quotas; Environmental Policy: Regulation and Implementation.	24	24
August- September -October	Module 3: Measuring Benefits of Environmental Improvements (12 Lectures) Economic value of Environment: Use and Non-use values; Measurement methods of environmental value: Market based and Non-market based methods; Contingent Valuation Method; Travel Cost Method; Hedonic Price Method. Module 4: Global Environmental Issues (12 Lectures) Trade and environment-Overview of transboundary environmental problems-Global Warming - Climate	24	24



ISMAIL YUSUF COLLEGE OF ARTS, SCIENCE & COMMERCE

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Change - Energy Crisis - Challenges of		
urbanization - International environmental		
agreements.		
Module1: Environmental Degradation (12	24	24
Lectures)		
Concept and types of Environmental Degradation;		
Renewable and Non-renewable natural resources:		
Land, Air, Water and Noise Pollution: Causes,		
effects and measures.		
Module 2: Environmental Accounting (12		
Lectures)		
Accounting for environmental and natural		
resources: Meaning and importance; System of		
Environmental-Economic Accounting (SEEA) and		
Environmental and Natural Resources Accounting		
(ENRA); Integration of Environmental Accounts		
with System of National Accounts: Green GDP;		
Concept of Green Growth and its Indicators;		
Concepts of Green Consumer and Green Business.		
Module 3: Sustainable Development and India	24	24
(12 Lectures)		
Concept of Sustainable Development;		
Characteristics and dimensions of Sustainable		
Development;		
Sustainable Development Goals and Measures with		
special reference to India; Smart Cities Mission in		
India; National Mission For Sustainable Agriculture		
Lectures)		
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Mantri Ujjwala Yojana (PMUY); National Green		1
	Change - Energy Crisis - Challenges of urbanization - International environmental agreements. Module1: Environmental Degradation (12 Lectures) Concept and types of Environmental Degradation; Renewable and Non-renewable natural resources: Land, Air, Water and Noise Pollution: Causes, effects and measures. Module 2: Environmental Accounting (12 Lectures) Accounting for environmental and natural resources: Meaning and importance; System of Environmental-Economic Accounting (SEEA) and Environmental and Natural Resources Accounting (ENRA); Integration of Environmental Accounts with System of National Accounts: Green GDP; Concept of Green Growth and its Indicators; Concepts of Green Consumer and Green Business. Module 3: Sustainable Development and India (12 Lectures) Concept of Sustainable Development; Characteristics and dimensions of Sustainable Development; Sustainable Development Goals and Measures with special reference to India; Smart Cities Mission in India; National Mission For Sustainable Agriculture (NMSA): Objectives, strategy and components. Module 4: Environmental Policy in India (12	urbanization - International environmental agreements. Module1: Environmental Degradation (12 Lectures) Concept and types of Environmental Degradation; Renewable and Non-renewable natural resources: Land, Air, Water and Noise Pollution: Causes, effects and measures. Module 2: Environmental Accounting (12 Lectures) Accounting for environmental and natural resources: Meaning and importance; System of Environmental-Economic Accounting (SEEA) and Environmental and Natural Resources Accounting (ENRA); Integration of Environmental Accounts with System of National Accounts: Green GDP; Concept of Green Growth and its Indicators; Concepts of Green Consumer and Green Business. Module 3: Sustainable Development and India (12 Lectures) Concept of Sustainable Development; Characteristics and dimensions of Sustainable Development; Sustainable Development Goals and Measures with special reference to India; Smart Cities Mission in India; National Mission For Sustainable Agriculture (NMSA): Objectives, strategy and components. Module 4: Environmental Policy in India (12 Lectures) Overview of laws to improve the environment in India; Central pollution Control Board; Industrial





ISMAIL YUSUF COLLEGE OF ARTS, SCIENCE & COMMERCE

Jogeshwari (East), Mumbai – 400060

Teaching Plan

Subject: **HISTORY OF ECONOMIC THOUGHT – I & HISTORY OF ECONOMIC**

THOUGHT-II

Class: TYBA Sem: V & VI

Faculty Name: Rajdeep Kamble

Month	Topics to be covered	Assigned Lecture	Lectures Undertaken
June-July	Module 1: Classical Economics (12 Lectures) Mercantilism and Physiocracy: Introduction -Adam Smith: Liberalism -Division of Labour -Theory of Value - David Ricardo: Rent Theory- Wage Theory - Theory of Value- Karl Marx: Surplus Value Materialistic Interpretation of History -Scientific Socialism. Module 2: Neo-Classical Economics (12 Lectures) Alfred Marshall: Thought on Value - Representative Firm - Consumer's Surplus - Internal and External Economies-Quasi Rent - Schumpeter: Economic Development And Innovation- Pigou: Welfare Economics.	24	24
August- September -October	Module 3: Keynesian Ideas (12 Lectures) Employment Theory- Money- Wage Rigidity Model- Multiplier and accelerator and their interaction - Trade Cycle - Inflation -Role of Fiscal Policy - Keynesian Economics and Developing Countries. Module 4: Post-Keynesian Economics (12 Lectures) Supply Side Economics -Hayek's Theory of Trade Cycle- Life Cycle theory Consumption- Friedman: Theory of Demand for Money - Long-Run Philips Curve - Mankiw's New Keynesian Model -	24	24



ISMAIL YUSUF COLLEGE OF ARTS, SCIENCE & COMMERCE

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	Stagflation.		
Dec-Jan	Module 1: Indian Economic Thought (12	24	24
	Lectures)		
	Kautilya on welfare state -Dadabhai Naoroji's		
	Thoughts on Drain Theory- Ranade's Case on		
	Protection -		
	R. C. Dutt on Imperialism - Land Tax and Public		
	Finance - Gopal Ganesh Agarkar.		
	Module 2: Economic Thought of Mahatma Phule		
	and Gandhi (12 Lectures)		
	Mahatma Phule's Views on Agriculture - Reasons		
	of Farmer's Poverty - Gandhian Economic		
	Thoughts		
	on Self-Sufficient Village Economy - Dignity of		
E-1 M	Labour – Trusteeship - and Sarvodaya.	24	24
Feb-Marc	Module 3: Economic Thought of Dr.	24	24
	B.R.Ambedkar, G.K.Gokhale and Dr.		
	Manmohan Singh (12 Lectures)		
	Dr.Ambedkar's Case for State Socialism - Problem		
	of Rupee - Public Finance – G.K.Gokhale on		
	Development and Welfare - Dr. Manmohan Singh's		
	'Three Steps' to Stem India's Economic Crisis.		
	Module 4: Nodel Prize Winners in Economics		
	(12 Lectures)		
	Dr. Amartya Sen (1998) -Robert. A. Mundell		
	(1999) -Joseph Stiglitz(2001) -Dr. Abhijeet Banarj		



Jogeshwari (East), Mumbai – 400060

Teaching Plan

2019-20

Subject: ADVANCED MICROECONOMICS - III Class: TYBA Sem: V & VI

Faculty Name: Rajdeep Kamble

Month Topics to be covered	Assigned Lecture	Lectures Undertaken
June & Module 1: General Equilibrium and Welfare	26	26
July Module 1: General Equilibrium and Welfare Economics Concept of General Equilibrium and Walrasian General Equilibrium Model - Pareto Optimality — The Pareto Optimality Condition of Social Welfare - Marginal Conditions for Pareto Optimal Resource Allocation - Perfect Competition and Pareto Optimality - Arrow's Impossibility Theorem Module 2: Market Structure: Monopoly and Monopolistic Competition Concept of Monopoly - Measurement of Monopol Power - Price Discrimination: Types and Classification of Price Discrimination (Degrees of Price Discrimination) - Equilibrium under discriminating Monopoly - Regulation of Monopol Market Product Differentiation in Monopolistic Competition - Chamberlin's Alternative approach Equilibrium under Monopolistic Competition - Excess Capacity	ly f	26



ISMAIL YUSUF COLLEGE OF ARTS, SCIENCE & COMMERCE

	Jogeshwari (East), Mumbai – 400060	l .	
August-	Module 3: Oligopoly	24	24
September -October	The Cournot Model - Meaning and Characteristics of Oligopoly Market - Rigid Prices - The Sweezy Model of Kinked Demand Curve - Collusive Oligopoly - Cartel: Centralised and Market Sharing Cartel - Imperfect Collusion- Price Leadership Models, Game Theory - Prisoner's Dilemma, Nash Equilibrium and Dominant Strategy Equilibrium Module 4: Information Economics Economics of Search and Search Cost - The Theory of Asymmetric Information-The Market for Lemons and Adverse Selection - Risk Preference and Expected Utility - The Problem of Moral Hazard - Market Signaling - Principal-Agent Problem		
Dec-Jan	Module 1: Post Keynesian Synthesis (14 Lectures) Derivation of Aggregate Demand Curve with IS- LM - Aggregate Supply Curve - Determination of Equilibrium National Income and Price Level under Aggregate Demand and Aggregate Supply Model - Extension of IS-LM Model with Labour Market and Flexible Prices - Natural Rate of Unemployment- Long run Philips Curve - Friedman's Expectation Model - Tobin's Modified Philips Curve - Adaptive Expectations and Rational Expectations. Module 2: Trade Cycles (12 Lectures)	26	26



ISMAIL YUSUF COLLEGE OF ARTS, SCIENCE & COMMERCE

	Meaning- Nature- Features and Types of Trade Cycles - Phases of Trade Cycles - Theories of Trade Cycles- Hawtrey's, Kaldor, Paul Samuelson and Hicks - Measures to Control Trade Cycles		
Feb-	Module 3: Exchange Rate Regimes and	24	24
March	Currency Crises (12 Lectures) Managed Exchange Rate- Advantage and Disadvantage - Policy of Managed Flexibility- Adjustable Peg System, Crawling Peg System, Managed Floating System, Clean and Dirty Float System - Balance of Payment and Exchange Rate - Is Balance of Payments Always in Balance? - Convertibility of Currency - Currency Crisis-Causes, Impact and Measures. Module 4: International Monetary System (12 Lectures) Rise and Fall of International Gold Standard - Bretton Woods System- Breakdown of the Bretton Woods System - Monetary System after the Collapse of Bretton Woods System - Maastricht Treaty, Features, Economy - Asia Infrastructure Investment Bank (AIIB) - New Development Bank (NDB): Asian Development Bank (ADB)		

Jogeshwari (East), Mumbai – 400060

Teaching Plan

Subject: ECONOMICS OF GROWTH And DEVELOPMENT(SEM V) & INTERNATIONAL ECONOMICS (SEM VI)

Class: TYBA Sem: V & VI

Faculty Name: Nazish Sayyad

Month	Topics to be covered	Assigned Lecture	Lectures Undertaken
June-july	Module 1: Meaning of Economic Growth and Development (12 Lectures) Concepts of Economic Growth and Development-Distinction between Economic Growth and Development-Concept of Human Development-H.D.I, G.D.I, Green GDP- Sen's Capability approach-Millennium Development Goals (MDGs)- Initiative by Indian government towards MDGs. Module 2: Theories of Economic Development (12 Lectures) Rostow's stages of growth; Big Push Theory-Leibenstein's Critical Minimum Effort Thesis - Harrod - Domar Growth Model- Lewis Model of unlimited supply of labour - Ragner Nurkse's Theory of Disguised Unemployment- Schumpeter's Theory of Development	24	24



ISMAIL YUSUF COLLEGE OF ARTS, SCIENCE & COMMERCE

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August- September -octomber	Module 3: Structural Issues in Development Process (12 Lectures) Concept of Human Capital- Role of Education, Health and nutrition in Human Capital - Meaning and Measurement of Poverty and Inequality- Measures to eradicate poverty and Inequality - Meaning of Inclusive growth - SHG and Microfinance- Migration - Urbanization- Formal and Informal Sector- Urban Informal Sector Module 4: Planning, Technology and Economic Development (12 Lectures) Concept and Role of infrastructure in Economic Development- Role of technology in Economic Development- Labour intensive versus Capital intensive technology- Schumacher's concepts of intermediate and appropriate technology- Green Technology- Meaning and Types of Economic Planning- Role of Planning in Economic Development	24	24
Dec-Jan	Module 1: Introduction to Trade Theories (12 Lectures) Meaning, scope and importance of International Trade- Difference between Internal and International Trade - Adam Smith's Theory of International Trade - Ricardian theory of comparative cost difference Heckscher- Ohlin Theory-Leontief's Paradox- Krugman's Model Module 2: Balance of Trade and Balance of Payment (12 Lectures)	24	24



ISMAIL YUSUF COLLEGE OF ARTS, SCIENCE & COMMERCE

	Concepts of Terms of Trade(Net barter, Gross barter and Income terms of trade)-Meaning and difference between Balance of Trade (BOT) and Balance of Payment (BOP)-Purchasing Power Parity theory, Law of Reciprocal Demand-Marshall-Edgeworth Offer curves, Gains from trade-Case for and against Free Trade and Protection policy		
Feb- March	Module 3: Foreign Exchange Market (12 Lectures) Meaning and Functions of Foreign Exchange Market-Exchange rate determination, Factors influencing foreign exchange rate-Managed Flexibility-SWAP Market, Components of foreign exchange reserves Foreign Aid Vs Foreign Trade, FDI and MNCs Module 4: International Economic Institutions and Economic Integration (12 Lectures) IMF, World Bank - Role and functions-WTO- Objectives, Functions and Agreements with respect to TRIPS,TRIMS, GATS, AoA - Forms and objectives of Economic Integration-Cartels-Trade Blocs, ASEAN- European Union (EU)- NAFTA and SAARC.	24	24



Jogeshwari (East), Mumbai – 400060

Teaching Plan

Subject: INDUSTRIAL AND LABOUR ECONOMICS-I (SEM V) & INDUSTRIAL AND

LABOUR ECONOMICS-I (SEM VI)
Class: TYBA Sem: V & VI

Faculty Name: Miss. Anisa

Month	Topics to be covered	Assigned Lecture	Lectures Undertaken
June-July	Module 1: Introduction (12 Lectures) Meaning and Scope of Industrial Economics- Industrial Profile- Private sector- Performance and Problems - Cooperatives sector and its role, merits and demerits- Public Sector — Role - Performance and Problems -Role of agriculture in Industrial development, Industrial Combinations - Motives for Mergers and Acquisitions. Module 2: Industrial Location and Problem of Regional Imbalance (12 Lectures) Determinants of Industrial Location, Theories of Industrial Location - Weber's and Sargent Florence's Theories, Dispersal and Decentralization of Industries, Problem of Regional Imbalance.	24	24



ISMAIL YUSUF COLLEGE OF ARTS, SCIENCE & COMMERCE

	Jogeshwari (East), Mullipai – 400000		,
August-	Module 3: Industrial Productivity and Industrial	24	24
September	Sickness (12 Lectures)		
-October	Concept and Measurement of Industrial		
	Productivity- Factors Affecting Industrial		
	Productivity-Industrial		
	Sickness - Causes, Effects and Remedial Measures -		
	Rationalisation - Concept, Aspects and Impact.		
	Module 4: Industrial Development in India (12		
	Lectures)		
	New Industrial Policy, 1991; Disinvestment Policy;		
	Small Scale Industries and Rural Industrialization;		
	National Manufacturing Policy, 2011 - Recent		
	Trends in India's Industrial Growth- Role of MNCs		
	in the		
	Indian Economy - Merits and Demerits, Industrial		
	Finance in India.		
Dec-Jan	Module 1: Introduction - Indian Labour Market	24	24
	(12 Lectures)		
	Characteristics of the Indian Labour Market, Child		
	Labour and Women Labour -Problems and		
	Measures,		
	Labour Market Reforms - Exit Policy and Need for		
	Safety Nets, Second National Commission on		
	Labour, Globalization and its impact on Indian		
	Labours.		
	Module 2: Trade Unionism (12 Lectures)		
	Definition and Functions of Trade Unions,		
	Historical Evolution of Trade Unions in India and		
	their		
	Present Status- Problems of Trade Unions in India-		
	Role of Outside Leadership- International Labour		
	Organization.		
	-		



ISMAIL YUSUF COLLEGE OF ARTS, SCIENCE & COMMERCE

Feb-Marc	Module 3: Industrial Relations (12 Lectures)	24	24	
	Causes of Industrial Disputes and Their Settlement			
	Mechanism- Collective Bargaining - Concept,			
	Features - Importance and Pre-requisites for			
	Successful Collective Bargaining - Collective			
	Bargaining in			
	India -Workers' Participation in Management-			
	Concept, Objectives and Forms of			
	Workers' Participation			
	in India -Working Conditions and life style of			
	Indian workers.			
	Module 4: Labour Welfare and Social Security			
	(12 Lectures)			
	Concept -Theories and Principles of Labour			
	Welfare- Agencies for Labour Welfare, Role of the			
	Labour			
	Welfare Officer - Social Security-Concept; Social			
	Assistance and Social Insurance – Social Security			
	Measures in India - Indian Labour Legislations.			



Jogeshwari (East), Mumbai – 400060

Teaching Plan

Subject: **RESEARCH METHODOLOGY – I AND RESEARCH METHODOLOGY II**

Class: TYBA Sem: V & VI

Faculty Name: Miss.Patel

Month	Topics to be covered	Assigned Lecture	Lectures Undertaken
June-July	Module 1: Introduction to Research (12 Lectures) Meaning and scope of social science research- Basic assumptions of research- Features and importance of social science research- Objectives and types of research; Basic, Applied, Pure, Descriptive, Analytical, and Empirical research- Limitations of social science research- Difficulties in social science research	24	24
	Module 2: Formulation of Problem in Social Science Research (12 Lectures) Research process: Identification, selection and formulation of research problem-Sources of research problem - Criteria of a good research problem-Review of literature-Formulation of hypothesis-Research design: Definition, Concepts, and types- Data Collection and analysis- Interpretation and report writing- Use of web search in research process.		



ISMAIL YUSUF COLLEGE OF ARTS, SCIENCE & COMMERCE

	Jogeshwari (East), Mullibai – 400000	T	1
	Module		
August-	Module 3: Types of Data: Primary and	24	24
September	Secondary (12 Lectures)		[-
-October	Types of Data: Primary data and its collection		
-October	methods: Observation method- Interview		
	Technique - Design of schedule and questionnaire -		
	Survey method and Field visits - Secondary		
	data: Meaning- advantages- sources- relevance and		
	limitations of secondary data- Sampling		
	Techniques: Census and sample survey- Essentials of a good sampling - Advantages and limitations of		
	sampling- Types of sampling: Random sampling		
	and Non-random sampling-Sampling and		
	Non-Sampling errors.		
	Module 4: Representation and Analysis of Data		
	(12 Lectures)		
	Classification, Tabulation and Graphical		
	presentation of socio-economic data- Need and		
	importance of		
	data analysis- Statistical analytical tools: Measures of Central Tendency - Measures of		
	Variation : Absolute and relative measures -		
	Quartile deviation, standard deviation, coefficient		
	of		
	variation- Skewness: Meaning and measurement		
	(Karl Pearson's and Bowley's methods) -		
	Preliminaries		
	of computer applications in data organization and		
	data processing.		



ISMAIL YUSUF COLLEGE OF ARTS, SCIENCE & COMMERCE

Dec-Jan	Module 1: Application of Statistics in Research (10 Lectures) Methods of studying correlation- measurement of simple correlation: graphic method- Scatter diagram- Coefficient of correlation- Karl Pearson and rank correlation- Interpretation of r = +1. Linear regression analysis: Meaning, regression lines, regression equation, regression equation relationship between correlation and regression- Analysis of time series-Components- Trend analysis- Moving averages (3, 4 and 5 Yearly)- Method of least square. Module 2: Index Number: (14 Lectures) Meaning and classification of index number - Problems encountered while constructing index numbers- Uses and limitation of index numbers - Methods of constructing index numbers: Simple index: i) Aggregate method ii) Simple average of Relative method - Weighted index: Laspeyer's, Paache's, Fisher's and Marshall- Edgeworth - Base shifting - Deflating and Cost of living index number: Weighted average of Relative method - Aggregate Expenditure method- Chain based index - Concepts of base shifting, splicing, and deflating - Consumer price index- Meaning, need and construction.	24	24



ISMAIL YUSUF COLLEGE OF ARTS, SCIENCE & COMMERCE Jogeshwari (East), Mumbai – 400060

Jogeshwari (East), Mumbai – 400060		
Definition and functions of Hypothesis - Criteria of		
workable Hypothesis - Forms and sources of		
hypothesis- Concepts in testing of hypothesis:		
Universe / Population parameter and sample		
statistics-		
Types of hypotheses: Null and Alternative		
Hypotheses-Levels of significance-Critical region -		
Type I and		
Type II Errors -Student t- test.		
Module 4: Research Report Writing (14		
Lectures)		
Types of research reports: Technical, Popular,		
Interim, Summary, Article- Format of a research		
report-		
Principles of writing the research report:		
Organization and style - Contents- Styles of		
reporting- Steps in		
drafting reports- Editing the final draft-Evaluating		
the final draft -Organization of the research report:		
Preliminaries, Contents of report, Structuring the		
report: Chapter format- Pagination- Identification-		
Using quotations, Presenting footnotes-		
Abbreviations- Presentation of tables and figures-		
Referencing		
documentation-Use and format of appendices-		

Indexing - Bibliography, Appendices.

Jogeshwari (East), Mumbai – 400060

Teaching Plan

Subject: ENVIRONMENTAL ECONOMICS - I & ENVIRONMENTAL ECONOMICS -

II Class: TYBA Sem:V & VI

Faculty Name: Rajdeep Kamble

Month	Topics to be covered	Assigned Lecture	Lectures Undertaken
June-July	Module1: Introduction to Environmental Economics (12 Lectures) Environmental Economics: Nature, Significance and Scope; Environment and the economy; Environmental Kuznets Curve; Common resources, externalities and property rights; Coase Theorem; Rio Declaration and Agenda 21 programme of action for sustainable development. Module 2: The Design and Implementation of Environmental Policy (12 Lectures) Criteria for evaluating environmental policies; Tools of Environmental Policy: Standards, Pigovian taxes/effluent fees, quotas/tradable permits; Choice between taxes and quotas; Environmental Policy: Regulation and Implementation.	24	24
August- September -October	Module 3: Measuring Benefits of Environmental Improvements (12 Lectures) Economic value of Environment: Use and Non-use values; Measurement methods of environmental value: Market based and Non-market based methods; Contingent Valuation Method; Travel Cost Method; Hedonic Price Method. Module 4: Global Environmental Issues (12 Lectures)	24	24



ISMAIL YUSUF COLLEGE OF ARTS, SCIENCE & COMMERCE

	Trade and environment-Overview of trans-		
	boundary environmental problems-Global Warming		
	- Climate		
	Change - Energy Crisis - Challenges of		
	urbanization - International environmental		
	agreements.		
Dec-Jan	Module1: Environmental Degradation (12	24	24
	Lectures)		
	Concept and types of Environmental Degradation;		
	Renewable and Non-renewable natural resources:		
	Land, Air, Water and Noise Pollution: Causes,		
	effects and measures.		
	Module 2: Environmental Accounting (12		
	Lectures)		
	Accounting for environmental and natural		
	resources: Meaning and importance; System of		
	Environmental-Economic Accounting (SEEA) and		
	Environmental and Natural Resources Accounting		
	(ENRA); Integration of Environmental Accounts		
	with System of National Accounts: Green GDP;		
	Concept of Green Growth and its Indicators;		
	Concepts of Green Consumer and Green Business.		
Feb-Marc	Module 3: Sustainable Development and India	24	24
	(12 Lectures)		
	Concept of Sustainable Development;		
	Characteristics and dimensions of Sustainable		
	Development;		
	Sustainable Development Goals and Measures with		
	special reference to India; Smart Cities Mission in		
	India; National Mission For Sustainable Agriculture		
	(NMSA): Objectives, strategy and components.		
	Module 4: Environmental Policy in India (12		
	Lectures)		
	Overview of laws to improve the environment in		
	India; Central pollution Control Board; Industrial		
	Pollution Control Measures in India; Pradhan		
	Mantri Ujjwala Yojana (PMUY); National Green		





Jogeshwari (East), Mumbai – 400060

Teaching Plan

Subject: HISTORY OF ECONOMIC THOUGHT - I & HISTORY OF ECONOMIC

THOUGHT-II

Class: TYBA Sem:V & VI

Faculty Name: Nazish Sayyad

Month	Topics to be covered	Assigned Lecture	Lectures Undertaken
June-July	Module 1: Classical Economics (12 Lectures) Mercantilism and Physiocracy: Introduction -Adam Smith: Liberalism -Division of Labour -Theory of Value - David Ricardo: Rent Theory- Wage Theory - Theory of Value- Karl Marx: Surplus Value Materialistic Interpretation of History -Scientific Socialism. Module 2: Neo-Classical Economics (12 Lectures) Alfred Marshall: Thought on Value - Representative Firm - Consumer's Surplus - Internal and External Economies-Quasi Rent - Schumpeter: Economic Development And Innovation- Pigou: Welfare Economics.	24	24
August- September -October	Module 3: Keynesian Ideas (12 Lectures) Employment Theory- Money- Wage Rigidity Model- Multiplier and accelerator and their interaction - Trade Cycle - Inflation -Role of Fiscal Policy - Keynesian Economics and Developing Countries. Module 4: Post-Keynesian Economics (12	24	24



ISMAIL YUSUF COLLEGE OF ARTS, SCIENCE & COMMERCE

	(2004),		
	Lectures) Supply Side Economics -Hayek's Theory of Trade Cycle- Life Cycle theory Consumption- Friedman: Theory of Demand for Money - Long-Run Philips Curve - Mankiw's New Keynesian Model - Stagflation.		
Dec-Jan	Module 1: Indian Economic Thought (12 Lectures) Kautilya on welfare state -Dadabhai Naoroji's Thoughts on Drain Theory- Ranade's Case on Protection - R. C. Dutt on Imperialism - Land Tax and Public Finance - Gopal Ganesh Agarkar. Module 2: Economic Thought of Mahatma Phule and Gandhi (12 Lectures) Mahatma Phule's Views on Agriculture - Reasons of Farmer's Poverty - Gandhian Economic Thoughts on Self-Sufficient Village Economy - Dignity of Labour - Trusteeship - and Sarvodaya.	24	24
Feb-Marc	Module 3: Economic Thought of Dr. B.R.Ambedkar, G.K.Gokhale and Dr. Manmohan Singh (12 Lectures) Dr.Ambedkar's Case for State Socialism - Problem of Rupee - Public Finance – G.K.Gokhale on Development and Welfare - Dr. Manmohan Singh's 'Three Steps' to Stem India's Economic Crisis. Module 4: Nodel Prize Winners in Economics (12 Lectures) Dr. Amartya Sen (1998) -Robert. A. Mundell (1999) -Joseph Stiglitz(2001) -Dr. Abhijeet Banarj	24	24



Jogeshwari (East), Mumbai – 400060

Teaching Plan

2020-21

Subject: ADVANCED MICROECONOMICS - III Class: TYBA Sem: V & VI

Faculty Name: Rajdeep Kamble

Month	Topics to be covered	Assigned Lecture	Lectures Undertaken
June &	Module 1: General Equilibrium and Welfare	26	26
June & July	Economics Concept of General Equilibrium and Walrasian General Equilibrium Model - Pareto Optimality — The Pareto Optimality Condition of Social Welfare - Marginal Conditions for Pareto Optimal Resource Allocation - Perfect Competition and Pareto Optimality - Arrow's Impossibility Theorem Module 2: Market Structure: Monopoly and Monopolistic Competition Concept of Monopoly - Measurement of Monopoly Power - Price Discrimination: Types and Classification of Price Discrimination (Degrees of Price Discrimination) - Equilibrium under discriminating Monopoly - Regulation of Monopoly Market Product Differentiation in Monopolistic Competition - Chamberlin's Alternative approach- Equilibrium under Monopolistic Competition - Excess Capacity	26	26



ISMAIL YUSUF COLLEGE OF ARTS, SCIENCE & COMMERCE

	Jogeshwari (East), Mullipai – 400000	1	1
August- September -October	Module 3: Oligopoly The Cournot Model - Meaning and Characteristics of Oligopoly Market - Rigid Prices - The Sweezy Model of Kinked Demand Curve - Collusive Oligopoly - Cartel: Centralised and Market Sharing Cartel - Imperfect Collusion- Price Leadership Models, Game Theory - Prisoner's Dilemma, Nash Equilibrium and Dominant Strategy Equilibrium Module 4: Information Economics Economics of Search and Search Cost - The Theory of Asymmetric Information-The Market for Lemons and Adverse Selection - Risk Preference and Expected Utility - The Problem of Moral Hazard - Market Signaling - Principal-Agent Problem	24	24
Dec-Jan	Module 1: Post Keynesian Synthesis (14 Lectures) Derivation of Aggregate Demand Curve with IS- LM - Aggregate Supply Curve - Determination of Equilibrium National Income and Price Level under Aggregate Demand and Aggregate Supply Model - Extension of IS-LM Model with Labour Market and Flexible Prices - Natural Rate of Unemployment- Long run Philips Curve - Friedman's Expectation Model - Tobin's Modified Philips Curve - Adaptive Expectations and Rational Expectations. Module 2: Trade Cycles (12 Lectures)	26	26



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	Meaning- Nature- Features and Types of Trade Cycles - Phases of Trade Cycles - Theories of Trade Cycles- Hawtrey's, Kaldor, Paul Samuelson and Hicks - Measures to Control Trade Cycles		
Feb- March	Module 3: Exchange Rate Regimes and Currency Crises (12 Lectures)	24	24
Iviaicii	Managed Exchange Rate- Advantage and		
	Disadvantage - Policy of Managed Flexibility- Adjustable Peg		
	System, Crawling Peg System, Managed Floating		
	System, Clean and Dirty Float System - Balance of		
	Payment and Exchange Rate - Is Balance of		
	Payments Always in Balance? – Convertibility of		
	Currency - Currency Crisis-Causes, Impact and Measures.		
	Module 4: International Monetary System (12		
	Lectures)		
	Rise and Fall of International Gold Standard -		
	Bretton Woods System- Breakdown of the Bretton Woods		
	System - Monetary System after the Collapse of		
	Bretton Woods System - Maastricht Treaty,		
	Features,		
	Economy - Asia Infrastructure Investment Bank		
	(AIIB) - New Development Bank (NDB): Asian		
	Development Bank (ADB). Asian		
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Jogeshwari (East), Mumbai – 400060

Teaching Plan

Subject: ECONOMICS OF GROWTH And DEVELOPMENT(SEM V) &

INTERNATIONAL ECONOMICS (SEM VI)

Class: TYBA Sem: V & VI

Faculty Name: Rukhsana Shaikh

Month	Topics to be covered	Assigned Lecture	Lectures Undertaken
June-july	Module 1: Meaning of Economic Growth and Development (12 Lectures) Concepts of Economic Growth and Development-Distinction between Economic Growth and Development-Concept of Human Development-H.D.I, G.D.I, Green GDP- Sen's Capability approach-Millennium Development Goals (MDGs)- Initiative by Indian government towards MDGs. Module 2: Theories of Economic Development (12 Lectures) Rostow's stages of growth; Big Push Theory-Leibenstein's Critical Minimum Effort Thesis - Harrod - Domar Growth Model- Lewis Model of unlimited supply of labour - Ragner Nurkse's Theory of Disguised Unemployment- Schumpeter's Theory of Development	24	24



ISMAIL YUSUF COLLEGE OF ARTS, SCIENCE & COMMERCE

August-	Module 3: Structural Issues in Development	24	24
	_	24	24
September -octomber	Process (12 Lectures) Concept of Human Capital- Role of Education, Health and nutrition in Human Capital - Meaning and Measurement of Poverty and Inequality- Measures to eradicate poverty and Inequality - Meaning of Inclusive growth - SHG and Microfinance- Migration - Urbanization- Formal and Informal Sector- Urban Informal Sector Module 4: Planning, Technology and Economic Development (12 Lectures) Concept and Role of infrastructure in Economic Development- Role of technology in Economic Development- Labour intensive versus Capital intensive technology- Schumacher's concepts of intermediate and appropriate technology- Green Technology- Meaning and Types of Economic Planning- Role of Planning in Economic Development	24	24
Dec-Jan	Module 1: Introduction to Trade Theories (12 Lectures) Meaning, scope and importance of International Trade- Difference between Internal and International Trade - Adam Smith's Theory of International Trade - Ricardian theory of comparative cost difference Heckscher- Ohlin Theory-Leontief's Paradox- Krugman's Model Module 2: Balance of Trade and Balance of Payment (12 Lectures) Concepts of Terms of Trade(Net barter, Gross barter and Income terms of trade)-Meaning and	24	24



ISMAIL YUSUF COLLEGE OF ARTS, SCIENCE & COMMERCE

	difference between Balance of Trade (BOT) and Balance of Payment (BOP)-Purchasing Power Parity theory, Law of Reciprocal Demand-Marshall-Edgeworth Offer curves, Gains from trade-Case for and against Free Trade and Protection policy		
Feb- March	Module 3: Foreign Exchange Market (12 Lectures) Meaning and Functions of Foreign Exchange Market-Exchange rate determination, Factors influencing foreign exchange rate-Managed Flexibility-SWAP Market, Components of foreign exchange reserves Foreign Aid Vs Foreign Trade, FDI and MNCs Module 4: International Economic Institutions and Economic Integration (12 Lectures) IMF, World Bank - Role and functions-WTO- Objectives, Functions and Agreements with respect to TRIPS,TRIMS, GATS, AoA - Forms and objectives of Economic Integration-Cartels-Trade Blocs, ASEAN- European Union (EU)- NAFTA and SAARC.	24	24



Jogeshwari (East), Mumbai – 400060

Teaching Plan

Subject: INDUSTRIAL AND LABOUR ECONOMICS-I (SEM V) & INDUSTRIAL AND

LABOUR ECONOMICS-I (SEM VI)
Class: TYBA Sem: V & VI

Faculty Name: Sejal Mishra

Month	Topics to be covered	Assigned Lecture	Lectures Undertaken
June-July	Module 1: Introduction (12 Lectures) Meaning and Scope of Industrial Economics- Industrial Profile- Private sector- Performance and Problems - Cooperatives sector and its role, merits and demerits- Public Sector — Role - Performance and Problems -Role of agriculture in Industrial development, Industrial Combinations - Motives for Mergers and Acquisitions. Module 2: Industrial Location and Problem of Regional Imbalance (12 Lectures) Determinants of Industrial Location, Theories of Industrial Location - Weber's and Sargent Florence's Theories, Dispersal and Decentralization of Industries, Problem of Regional Imbalance.	24	24
August-	Module 3: Industrial Productivity and Industrial Sickness (12 Lectures)	24	24



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	Jogeshwan (East), Mullibal – 400000		,
September -October	Concept and Measurement of Industrial Productivity- Factors Affecting Industrial		
00.0001	Productivity-Industrial		
	Sickness - Causes, Effects and Remedial Measures -		
	Rationalisation - Concept, Aspects and Impact. Module 4: Industrial Development in India (12)		
	Lectures)		
	New Industrial Policy, 1991; Disinvestment Policy;		
	Small Scale Industries and Rural Industrialization; National Manufacturing Policy, 2011 - Recent Trends in India's Industrial Growth- Role of MNCs in the		
l	Indian Economy - Merits and Demerits, Industrial		
	Finance in India.		
Dec-Jan	Module 1: Introduction - Indian Labour Market (12 Lectures)	24	24
	Characteristics of the Indian Labour Market, Child		
	Labour and Women Labour -Problems and		
	Measures,		
	Labour Market Reforms - Exit Policy and Need for Safety Nets, Second National Commission on		
	Labour, Globalization and its impact on Indian		
	Labours. Modulo 2: Trado Unionism (12 Lastures)		
	Module 2: Trade Unionism (12 Lectures) Definition and Functions of Trade Unions,		
	Historical Evolution of Trade Unions in India and		
	their		
	Present Status- Problems of Trade Unions in India-		
	Role of Outside Leadership- International Labour		
	Organization.		
Feb-Marc	Module 3: Industrial Relations (12 Lectures)	24	24
	Causes of Industrial Disputes and Their Settlement		
	Mechanism- Collective Bargaining - Concept,		



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Features - Importance and Pre-requisites for		
Successful Collective Bargaining - Collective		
Bargaining in		
India -Workers' Participation in Management-		
Concept, Objectives and Forms of		
Workers' Participation		
in India -Working Conditions and life style of		
Indian workers.		
Module 4: Labour Welfare and Social Security		
(12 Lectures)		
Concept -Theories and Principles of Labour		
Welfare- Agencies for Labour Welfare, Role of the		
Labour		
Welfare Officer - Social Security-Concept; Social		
Assistance and Social Insurance – Social Security		
Measures in India - Indian Labour Legislations.		



Jogeshwari (East), Mumbai – 400060

Teaching Plan

Subject: **RESEARCH METHODOLOGY – I AND RESEARCH METHODOLOGY II**

Class: TYBA Sem: V & VI

Faculty Name: Nazish Sayyad

Month	Topics to be covered	Assigned Lecture	Lectures Undertaken
June-July	Module 1: Introduction to Research (12 Lectures) Meaning and scope of social science research-Basic assumptions of research-Features and importance of social science research-Objectives and types of research; Basic, Applied, Pure, Descriptive, Analytical, and Empirical research-Limitations of social science research-Difficulties in social science research Module 2: Formulation of Problem in Social Science Research (12 Lectures) Research process: Identification, selection and formulation of research problem-Sources of research problem - Criteria of a good research problem-Review of literature-Formulation of hypothesis-Research design: Definition, Concepts, and types- Data Collection and analysis- Interpretation and report writing- Use of web search in research process. Module	24	24



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.	Jogeshwan (East), Mullibai – 400000	Ī	1
August- September -October	Module 3: Types of Data: Primary and Secondary (12 Lectures) Types of Data: Primary data and its collection methods: Observation method- Interview Technique - Design of schedule and questionnaire - Survey method and Field visits - Secondary data: Meaning- advantages- sources- relevance and limitations of secondary data- Sampling Techniques: Census and sample survey- Essentials of a good sampling - Advantages and limitations of sampling- Types of sampling: Random sampling and Non-random sampling-Sampling and Non-Sampling errors. Module 4: Representation and Analysis of Data (12 Lectures) Classification, Tabulation and Graphical presentation of socio-economic data- Need and importance of data analysis- Statistical analytical tools: Measures of Central Tendency - Measures of	24	24
	presentation of socio-economic data- Need and importance of data analysis- Statistical analytical tools: Measures		



ISMAIL YUSUF COLLEGE OF ARTS, SCIENCE & COMMERCE

	Jogeshwan (East), Mullipal – 400000			
Dec-Jan	Module 1: Application of Statistics in Research	24	24	
	(10 Lectures)			
	Methods of studying correlation- measurement of			
	simple correlation: graphic method- Scatter			
	diagram-			
	Coefficient of correlation- Karl Pearson and rank			
	correlation - Interpretation of $r = +1$. Linear			
	regression			
	analysis: Meaning, regression lines, regression			
	equation, regression equation relationship between			
	correlation and regression- Analysis of time series-			
	Components- Trend analysis- Moving averages (3, 4 and 5 Yearly)- Method of least square.			
	Module 2: Index Number: (14 Lectures)			
	Meaning and classification of index number -			
	Problems encountered while constructing index			
	numbers-			
	Uses and limitation of index numbers - Methods of			
	constructing index numbers: Simple index:			
	i) Aggregate method ii) Simple average of Relative			
	method - Weighted index: Laspeyer's, Paache's,			
	Fisher's and Marshall- Edgeworth - Base shifting -			
	Deflating and Cost of living index number:			
	Weighted			
	average of Relative method - Aggregate			
	Expenditure method- Chain based index - Concepts			
	of base			
	shifting, splicing, and deflating - Consumer price			
	index- Meaning, need and construction.			
Feb-Marc	Module 3: Hypothesis Formulation and Testing	24	24	_
	(10 Lectures)			
	Definition and functions of Hypothesis - Criteria of			
	workable Hypothesis - Forms and sources of			
	hypothesis- Concepts in testing of hypothesis:			
	Universe / Population parameter and sample			



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statistics-		
Types of hypotheses: Null and Alternative		
Hypotheses-Levels of significance-Critical region -		}
Type I and		}
Type II Errors -Student t- test.		}
Module 4: Research Report Writing (14		
Lectures)		
Types of research reports: Technical, Popular,		}
Interim, Summary, Article- Format of a research		
report-		
Principles of writing the research report:		
Organization and style - Contents- Styles of		
reporting- Steps in		
drafting reports- Editing the final draft-Evaluating		
the final draft -Organization of the research report:		
Preliminaries, Contents of report, Structuring the		
report: Chapter format- Pagination- Identification-		
Using quotations, Presenting footnotes-		}
Abbreviations- Presentation of tables and figures-		}
Referencing		1
documentation-Use and format of appendices-		1
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Teaching Plan

Subject: ENVIRONMENTAL ECONOMICS - I & ENVIRONMENTAL ECONOMICS -

II Class: TYBA Sem:V & VI

Faculty Name: Amrita Nandi

Month	Topics to be covered	Assigned Lecture	Lectures Undertaken
June-July	Module1: Introduction to Environmental Economics (12 Lectures) Environmental Economics: Nature, Significance and Scope; Environment and the economy; Environmental Kuznets Curve; Common resources, externalities and property rights; Coase Theorem; Rio Declaration and Agenda 21 programme of action for sustainable development. Module 2: The Design and Implementation of Environmental Policy (12 Lectures) Criteria for evaluating environmental policies; Tools of Environmental Policy: Standards, Pigovian taxes/effluent fees, quotas/tradable permits; Choice between taxes and quotas; Environmental Policy: Regulation and Implementation.	24	24
August- September -October	Module 3: Measuring Benefits of Environmental Improvements (12 Lectures) Economic value of Environment: Use and Non-use values; Measurement methods of environmental value: Market based and Non-market based methods; Contingent Valuation Method; Travel Cost Method; Hedonic Price Method. Module 4: Global Environmental Issues (12 Lectures)	24	24



ISMAIL YUSUF COLLEGE OF ARTS, SCIENCE & COMMERCE

	Trade and environment-Overview of trans-		
	boundary environmental problems-Global Warming		
	- Climate		
	Change - Energy Crisis - Challenges of		
	urbanization - International environmental		
	agreements.		
Dec-Jan	Module1: Environmental Degradation (12	24	24
	Lectures)		
	Concept and types of Environmental Degradation;		
	Renewable and Non-renewable natural resources:		
	Land, Air, Water and Noise Pollution: Causes,		
	effects and measures.		
	Module 2: Environmental Accounting (12		
	Lectures)		
	Accounting for environmental and natural		
	resources: Meaning and importance; System of		
	Environmental-Economic Accounting (SEEA) and		
	Environmental and Natural Resources Accounting		
	(ENRA); Integration of Environmental Accounts		
	with System of National Accounts: Green GDP;		
	Concept of Green Growth and its Indicators;		
	Concepts of Green Consumer and Green Business.		
Feb-Marc	Module 3: Sustainable Development and India	24	24
	(12 Lectures)		
	Concept of Sustainable Development;		
	Characteristics and dimensions of Sustainable		
	Development;		
	Sustainable Development Goals and Measures with		
	special reference to India; Smart Cities Mission in		
	India; National Mission For Sustainable Agriculture		
	(NMSA): Objectives, strategy and components.		
	Module 4: Environmental Policy in India (12		
	Lectures)		
	Overview of laws to improve the environment in		
	India; Central pollution Control Board; Industrial		
	Pollution Control Measures in India; Pradhan		
	Mantri Ujjwala Yojana (PMUY); National Green		





Jogeshwari (East), Mumbai – 400060

Teaching Plan

Subject: **HISTORY OF ECONOMIC THOUGHT – I & HISTORY OF ECONOMIC**

THOUGHT-II

Class: TYBA Sem: V & VI

Faculty Name: Rajdeep Kamble

Month	Topics to be covered	Assigned Lecture	Lectures Undertaken
June-July	Module 1: Classical Economics (12 Lectures) Mercantilism and Physiocracy: Introduction -Adam Smith: Liberalism -Division of Labour -Theory of Value - David Ricardo: Rent Theory- Wage Theory - Theory of Value- Karl Marx: Surplus Value Materialistic Interpretation of History -Scientific Socialism. Module 2: Neo-Classical Economics (12 Lectures) Alfred Marshall: Thought on Value - Representative Firm - Consumer's Surplus - Internal and External Economies-Quasi Rent - Schumpeter: Economic Development And Innovation- Pigou: Welfare Economics.	24	24
August- September -October	Module 3: Keynesian Ideas (12 Lectures) Employment Theory- Money- Wage Rigidity Model- Multiplier and accelerator and their interaction - Trade Cycle - Inflation -Role of Fiscal Policy - Keynesian Economics and Developing Countries. Module 4: Post-Keynesian Economics (12 Lectures)	24	24



ISMAIL YUSUF COLLEGE OF ARTS, SCIENCE & COMMERCE

	Supply Side Economics -Hayek's Theory of Trade Cycle- Life Cycle theory Consumption- Friedman: Theory of Demand for Money - Long-Run Philips Curve - Mankiw's New Keynesian Model -		
	Stagflation.		
Dec-Jan	Module 1: Indian Economic Thought (12 Lectures)	24	24
	Kautilya on welfare state -Dadabhai Naoroji's Thoughts on Drain Theory- Ranade's Case on Protection -		
	R. C. Dutt on Imperialism - Land Tax and Public Finance - Gopal Ganesh Agarkar.		
	Module 2: Economic Thought of Mahatma Phule and Gandhi (12 Lectures)		
	Mahatma Phule's Views on Agriculture - Reasons of Farmer's Poverty - Gandhian Economic		
	Thoughts on Self-Sufficient Village Economy - Dignity of Labour – Trusteeship - and Sarvodaya.		
Feb-Marc	Module 3: Economic Thought of Dr. B.R.Ambedkar, G.K.Gokhale and Dr.	24	24
	Manmohan Singh (12 Lectures)		
	Dr. Ambedkar's Case for State Socialism - Problem		
	of Rupee - Public Finance – G.K.Gokhale on Development and Welfare - Dr. Manmohan Singh's		
	'Three Steps' to Stem India's Economic Crisis. Module 4: Nodel Prize Winners in Economics		
	(12 Lectures)		
	Dr. Amartya Sen (1998) -Robert. A. Mundell (1999) -Joseph Stiglitz(2001) -Dr. Abhijeet Banarj		



Jogeshwari (East), Mumbai – 400060

Teaching Plan

2021-22

Subject: ADVANCED MICROECONOMICS - III Class: TYBA Sem: V & VI

Faculty Name: Amina Shikh

Month	Topics to be covered	Assigned Lecture	Lectures Undertaken
June &	Module 1: General Equilibrium and Welfare	26	26
July	Economics		
	Concept of General Equilibrium and Walrasian		
	General Equilibrium Model - Pareto Optimality – The		
	Pareto Optimality Condition of Social Welfare -		
	Marginal Conditions for Pareto Optimal Resource		
	Allocation - Perfect Competition and Pareto		
	Optimality - Arrow's Impossibility Theorem		
	Module 2: Market Structure: Monopoly and		
	Monopolistic Competition		
	Concept of Monopoly - Measurement of Monopoly		
	Power - Price Discrimination: Types and		
	Classification of Price Discrimination (Degrees of Price Discrimination) - Equilibrium under		
	discrimination - Equinorium under discriminating Monopoly - Regulation of Monopoly		
	Market Product Differentiation in Monopolistic		
	Competition - Chamberlin's Alternative approach-		
	Equilibrium under Monopolistic Competition -		
	Excess		
	Capacity		



ISMAIL YUSUF COLLEGE OF ARTS, SCIENCE & COMMERCE

	Jogeshwan (East), Mullipai – 400000	1	1
August- September -October	Module 3: Oligopoly The Cournot Model - Meaning and Characteristics of Oligopoly Market - Rigid Prices - The Sweezy Model of Kinked Demand Curve - Collusive Oligopoly - Cartel: Centralised and Market Sharing Cartel - Imperfect Collusion- Price Leadership Models, Game Theory - Prisoner's Dilemma, Nash Equilibrium and Dominant Strategy Equilibrium Module 4: Information Economics Economics of Search and Search Cost - The Theory of Asymmetric Information-The Market for Lemons and Adverse Selection - Risk Preference and Expected Utility - The Problem of Moral Hazard - Market Signaling - Principal-Agent Problem	24	24
Dec-Jan	Module 1: Post Keynesian Synthesis (14 Lectures) Derivation of Aggregate Demand Curve with IS- LM - Aggregate Supply Curve - Determination of Equilibrium National Income and Price Level under Aggregate Demand and Aggregate Supply Model - Extension of IS-LM Model with Labour Market and Flexible Prices - Natural Rate of Unemployment- Long run Philips Curve - Friedman's Expectation Model - Tobin's Modified Philips Curve - Adaptive Expectations and Rational Expectations. Module 2: Trade Cycles (12 Lectures)	26	26



ISMAIL YUSUF COLLEGE OF ARTS, SCIENCE & COMMERCE

	Meaning- Nature- Features and Types of Trade Cycles - Phases of Trade Cycles - Theories of Trade Cycles- Hawtrey's, Kaldor, Paul Samuelson and Hicks - Measures to Control Trade Cycles		
Feb-	Module 3: Exchange Rate Regimes and	24	24
March	Currency Crises (12 Lectures) Managed Exchange Rate- Advantage and Disadvantage - Policy of Managed Flexibility- Adjustable Peg System, Crawling Peg System, Managed Floating System, Clean and Dirty Float System - Balance of Payment and Exchange Rate - Is Balance of Payments Always in Balance? - Convertibility of Currency - Currency Crisis-Causes, Impact and Measures. Module 4: International Monetary System (12 Lectures) Rise and Fall of International Gold Standard - Bretton Woods System- Breakdown of the Bretton Woods System - Monetary System after the Collapse of Bretton Woods System - Maastricht Treaty, Features, Economy - Asia Infrastructure Investment Bank (AIIB) - New Development Bank (NDB): Asian Development Bank (ADB)		



Jogeshwari (East), Mumbai – 400060

Teaching Plan

Subject: ECONOMICS OF GROWTH And DEVELOPMENT(SEM V) &

INTERNATIONAL ECONOMICS (SEM VI)

Class: TYBA Sem: V & VI

Faculty Name:Pravin Dube

Month	Topics to be covered	Assigned Lecture	Lectures Undertaken
June-july	Module 1: Meaning of Economic Growth and Development (12 Lectures) Concepts of Economic Growth and Development-Distinction between Economic Growth and Development-Concept of Human Development-H.D.I, G.D.I, Green GDP- Sen's Capability approach-Millennium Development Goals (MDGs)- Initiative by Indian government towards MDGs. Module 2: Theories of Economic Development (12 Lectures) Rostow's stages of growth; Big Push Theory-Leibenstein's Critical Minimum Effort Thesis - Harrod - Domar Growth Model- Lewis Model of unlimited supply of labour - Ragner Nurkse's Theory of Disguised Unemployment- Schumpeter's Theory of Development	24	24



ISMAIL YUSUF COLLEGE OF ARTS, SCIENCE & COMMERCE

Anaret	Jogeshwari (East), Mumbai – 400060	24	124	\top
August-	Module 3: Structural Issues in Development	24	24	
September	Process (12 Lectures)			
-octomber	Concept of Human Capital- Role of Education,			
	Health and nutrition in Human Capital - Meaning and			
	Measurement of Poverty and Inequality- Measures			
	to eradicate poverty and Inequality - Meaning of			
	Inclusive growth - SHG and Microfinance-			
	Migration – Urbanization- Formal and Informal			
	Sector- Urban Informal Sector			
	Module 4: Planning, Technology and Economic			
	Development (12 Lectures)			
	Concept and Role of infrastructure in Economic			
	Development- Role of technology in Economic			
	Development- Labour intensive versus Capital			
	intensive technology- Schumacher's concepts of			
	intermediate and appropriate technology- Green			
	Technology- Meaning and Types of Economic			
	Planning- Role of Planning in Economic			
	Development			
	1			
Dec-Jan	Module 1: Introduction to Trade Theories (12	24	24	1
Dec-Jan	Lectures)	24	24	
	Meaning, scope and importance of International			
	Trade- Difference between Internal and			
	International			
	Trade - Adam Smith's Theory of International			
	Trade - Ricardian theory of comparative cost			
	difference			
	Heckscher- Ohlin Theory-Leontief's Paradox-			
	Krugman's Model			
	Module 2: Balance of Trade and Balance of			
	Payment (12 Lectures)			
	Concepts of Terms of Trade(Net barter, Gross			



ISMAIL YUSUF COLLEGE OF ARTS, SCIENCE & COMMERCE

	Jogeshwari (East), Mumbai – 400000		
	difference between Balance of Trade (BOT) and Balance of Payment (BOP)-Purchasing Power Parity theory, Law of Reciprocal Demand-Marshall-Edgeworth Offer curves, Gains from trade-Case for and against Free Trade and Protection policy		
Feb- March	Module 3: Foreign Exchange Market (12 Lectures) Meaning and Functions of Foreign Exchange Market-Exchange rate determination, Factors influencing foreign exchange rate-Managed Flexibility-SWAP Market, Components of foreign exchange reserves Foreign Aid Vs Foreign Trade, FDI and MNCs Module 4: International Economic Institutions and Economic Integration (12 Lectures) IMF, World Bank - Role and functions-WTO- Objectives, Functions and Agreements with respect to TRIPS,TRIMS, GATS, AoA - Forms and objectives of Economic Integration-Cartels-Trade Blocs, ASEAN- European Union (EU)- NAFTA and SAARC.	24	24



Jogeshwari (East), Mumbai – 400060

Teaching Plan

Subject: INDUSTRIAL AND LABOUR ECONOMICS-I (SEM V) & INDUSTRIAL AND

LABOUR ECONOMICS-I (SEM VI)
Class: TYBA Sem: V & VI

Faculty Name: Pooja Joshi

Month	Topics to be covered	Assigned Lecture	Lectures Undertaken
June-July	Module 1: Introduction (12 Lectures) Meaning and Scope of Industrial Economics- Industrial Profile- Private sector- Performance and Problems - Cooperatives sector and its role, merits and demerits- Public Sector — Role - Performance and Problems -Role of agriculture in Industrial development, Industrial Combinations - Motives for Mergers and Acquisitions. Module 2: Industrial Location and Problem of Regional Imbalance (12 Lectures) Determinants of Industrial Location, Theories of Industrial Location - Weber's and Sargent Florence's Theories, Dispersal and Decentralization of Industries, Problem of Regional Imbalance.	24	24
August-	Module 3: Industrial Productivity and Industrial Sickness (12 Lectures)	24	24



ISMAIL YUSUF COLLEGE OF ARTS, SCIENCE & COMMERCE

	Jogeshwan (East), Mullibal – 400000		,
September -October	Concept and Measurement of Industrial Productivity- Factors Affecting Industrial		
00.0001	Productivity-Industrial		
	Sickness - Causes, Effects and Remedial Measures -		
	Rationalisation - Concept, Aspects and Impact. Module 4: Industrial Development in India (12)		
	Lectures)		
	New Industrial Policy, 1991; Disinvestment Policy;		
	Small Scale Industries and Rural Industrialization; National Manufacturing Policy, 2011 - Recent Trends in India's Industrial Growth- Role of MNCs in the		
l	Indian Economy - Merits and Demerits, Industrial		
	Finance in India.		
Dec-Jan	Module 1: Introduction - Indian Labour Market (12 Lectures)	24	24
	Characteristics of the Indian Labour Market, Child		
	Labour and Women Labour -Problems and		
	Measures,		
	Labour Market Reforms - Exit Policy and Need for Safety Nets, Second National Commission on		
	Labour, Globalization and its impact on Indian		
	Labours. Modulo 2: Trado Unionism (12 Lastures)		
	Module 2: Trade Unionism (12 Lectures) Definition and Functions of Trade Unions,		
	Historical Evolution of Trade Unions in India and		
	their		
	Present Status- Problems of Trade Unions in India-		
	Role of Outside Leadership- International Labour		
	Organization.		
Feb-Marc	Module 3: Industrial Relations (12 Lectures)	24	24
	Causes of Industrial Disputes and Their Settlement		
	Mechanism- Collective Bargaining - Concept,		



ISMAIL YUSUF COLLEGE OF ARTS, SCIENCE & COMMERCE

Features - Importance and Pre-requisites for		
Successful Collective Bargaining - Collective		
Bargaining in		
India -Workers' Participation in Management-		
Concept, Objectives and Forms of		
Workers' Participation		
in India -Working Conditions and life style of		
Indian workers.		
Module 4: Labour Welfare and Social Security		
(12 Lectures)		
Concept -Theories and Principles of Labour		
Welfare- Agencies for Labour Welfare, Role of the		
Labour		
Welfare Officer - Social Security-Concept; Social		
Assistance and Social Insurance – Social Security		
Measures in India - Indian Labour Legislations.		



Jogeshwari (East), Mumbai – 400060

Teaching Plan

Subject: **RESEARCH METHODOLOGY – I AND RESEARCH METHODOLOGY II**

Class: TYBA Sem: V & VI

Faculty Name: Natasha Kalashi

Month	Topics to be covered	Assigned Lecture	Lectures Undertaken
June-July	Module 1: Introduction to Research (12 Lectures) Meaning and scope of social science research- Basic assumptions of research- Features and importance of social science research- Objectives and types of research; Basic, Applied, Pure, Descriptive, Analytical, and Empirical research- Limitations of social science research Difficulties in social science research Module 2: Formulation of Problem in Social Science Research (12 Lectures) Research process: Identification, selection and formulation of research problem-Sources of research problem - Criteria of a good research problem-Review of literature-Formulation of hypothesis-Research design: Definition, Concepts, and types- Data Collection and analysis- Interpretation and report writing- Use of web search in research process. Module	24	24



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August- September -October	Module 3: Types of Data: Primary and Secondary (12 Lectures) Types of Data: Primary data and its collection methods: Observation method- Interview Technique - Design of schedule and questionnaire - Survey method and Field visits - Secondary data: Meaning- advantages- sources- relevance and limitations of secondary data- Sampling Techniques: Census and sample survey- Essentials of a good sampling - Advantages and limitations of sampling- Types of sampling: Random sampling and Non-random sampling-Sampling and Non-sampling errors. Module 4: Representation and Analysis of Data (12 Lectures) Classification, Tabulation and Graphical presentation of socio-economic data- Need and importance of data analysis- Statistical analytical tools: Measures of Central Tendency - Measures of Variation: Absolute and relative measures - Quartile deviation, standard deviation, coefficient of variation- Skewness: Meaning and measurement (Karl Pearson's and Bowley's methods) - Preliminaries of computer applications in data organization and data processing.	24	24
Dec-Jan	Module 1: Application of Statistics in Research (10 Lectures)	24	24



ISMAIL YUSUF COLLEGE OF ARTS, SCIENCE & COMMERCE

	Jogeshwan (East), mambai 400000		
	Methods of studying correlation- measurement of simple correlation: graphic method- Scatter diagram- Coefficient of correlation- Karl Pearson and rank correlation- Interpretation of r = +1. Linear regression analysis: Meaning, regression lines, regression equation, regression equation relationship between correlation and regression- Analysis of time series-Components- Trend analysis- Moving averages (3, 4 and 5 Yearly)- Method of least square. Module 2: Index Number: (14 Lectures) Meaning and classification of index number - Problems encountered while constructing index numbers- Uses and limitation of index numbers - Methods of constructing index numbers: Simple index: i) Aggregate method ii) Simple average of Relative method - Weighted index: Laspeyer's, Paache's, Fisher's and Marshall- Edgeworth - Base shifting - Deflating and Cost of living index number: Weighted average of Relative method - Aggregate Expenditure method- Chain based index - Concepts of base shifting, splicing, and deflating - Consumer price index- Meaning, need and construction.		
Feb-Marc	Module 3: Hypothesis Formulation and Testing (10 Lectures) Definition and functions of Hypothesis - Criteria of workable Hypothesis - Forms and sources of hypothesis- Concepts in testing of hypothesis: Universe / Population parameter and sample statistics- Types of hypotheses: Null and Alternative	24	24



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Jogeshwari (East), Mumbai – 400060

Teaching Plan

Subject: ENVIRONMENTAL ECONOMICS - I & ENVIRONMENTAL ECONOMICS -

II Class: TYBA Sem:V & VI

Faculty Name: Pooja Joshi

Month	Topics to be covered	Assigned Lecture	Lectures Undertaken
June-July	Module1: Introduction to Environmental Economics (12 Lectures) Environmental Economics: Nature, Significance and Scope; Environment and the economy; Environmental Kuznets Curve; Common resources, externalities and property rights; Coase Theorem; Rio Declaration and Agenda 21 programme of action for sustainable development. Module 2: The Design and Implementation of Environmental Policy (12 Lectures) Criteria for evaluating environmental policies; Tools of Environmental Policy: Standards, Pigovian taxes/effluent fees, quotas/tradable permits; Choice between taxes and quotas; Environmental Policy: Regulation and Implementation.	24	24
August- September -October	Module 3: Measuring Benefits of Environmental Improvements (12 Lectures) Economic value of Environment: Use and Non-use values; Measurement methods of environmental value: Market based and Non-market based methods; Contingent Valuation Method; Travel Cost Method; Hedonic Price Method. Module 4: Global Environmental Issues (12 Lectures) Trade and environment-Overview of transboundary environmental problems-Global Warming - Climate	24	24



ISMAIL YUSUF COLLEGE OF ARTS, SCIENCE & COMMERCE

	Change - Energy Crisis - Challenges of		
	urbanization - International environmental		
	agreements.		
Dec-Jan	Module1: Environmental Degradation (12	24	24
	Lectures)		
	Concept and types of Environmental Degradation;		
	Renewable and Non-renewable natural resources:		
	Land, Air, Water and Noise Pollution: Causes,		
	effects and measures.		
	Module 2: Environmental Accounting (12		
	Lectures)		
	Accounting for environmental and natural		
	resources: Meaning and importance; System of		
	Environmental-Economic Accounting (SEEA) and		
	Environmental and Natural Resources Accounting		
	(ENRA); Integration of Environmental Accounts		
	with System of National Accounts: Green GDP;		
	Concept of Green Growth and its Indicators;		
	Concepts of Green Consumer and Green Business.		
Feb-Marc	Module 3: Sustainable Development and India	24	24
	(12 Lectures)		
	Concept of Sustainable Development;		
	Characteristics and dimensions of Sustainable		
	Development;		
	Sustainable Development Goals and Measures with		
	special reference to India; Smart Cities Mission in		
	India; National Mission For Sustainable Agriculture		
	(NMSA): Objectives, strategy and components.		
	Module 4: Environmental Policy in India (12		
	Lectures)		
	Overview of laws to improve the environment in		
	India; Central pollution Control Board; Industrial		
	Pollution Control Measures in India; Pradhan		
	Mantri Ujjwala Yojana (PMUY); National Green		





Jogeshwari (East), Mumbai – 400060

Teaching Plan

Subject: HISTORY OF ECONOMIC THOUGHT – I & HISTORY OF ECONOMIC

THOUGHT-II

Class: TYBA Sem: V & VI

Faculty Name: Nazeer Sayyad

Month	Topics to be covered	Assigned Lecture	Lectures Undertaken
June-July	Module 1: Classical Economics (12 Lectures) Mercantilism and Physiocracy: Introduction -Adam Smith: Liberalism -Division of Labour -Theory of Value - David Ricardo: Rent Theory- Wage Theory - Theory of Value- Karl Marx: Surplus Value Materialistic Interpretation of History -Scientific Socialism. Module 2: Neo-Classical Economics (12 Lectures) Alfred Marshall: Thought on Value - Representative Firm - Consumer's Surplus - Internal and External Economies-Quasi Rent - Schumpeter: Economic Development And Innovation- Pigou: Welfare Economics.	24	24
August- September -October	Module 3: Keynesian Ideas (12 Lectures) Employment Theory- Money- Wage Rigidity Model- Multiplier and accelerator and their interaction - Trade Cycle - Inflation -Role of Fiscal Policy - Keynesian Economics and Developing Countries. Module 4: Post-Keynesian Economics (12 Lectures)	24	24



ISMAIL YUSUF COLLEGE OF ARTS, SCIENCE & COMMERCE

	Supply Side Economics -Hayek's Theory of Trade Cycle- Life Cycle theory Consumption- Friedman: Theory of Demand for Money - Long-Run Philips Curve - Mankiw's New Keynesian Model -		
	Stagflation.		
Dec-Jan	Module 1: Indian Economic Thought (12 Lectures)	24	24
	Kautilya on welfare state -Dadabhai Naoroji's Thoughts on Drain Theory- Ranade's Case on Protection -		
	R. C. Dutt on Imperialism - Land Tax and Public Finance - Gopal Ganesh Agarkar.		
	Module 2: Economic Thought of Mahatma Phule and Gandhi (12 Lectures)		
	Mahatma Phule's Views on Agriculture - Reasons of Farmer's Poverty - Gandhian Economic		
	Thoughts on Self-Sufficient Village Economy - Dignity of Labour – Trusteeship - and Sarvodaya.		
Feb-Marc	Module 3: Economic Thought of Dr. B.R.Ambedkar, G.K.Gokhale and Dr.	24	24
	Manmohan Singh (12 Lectures)		
	Dr.Ambedkar's Case for State Socialism - Problem of Rupee - Public Finance – G.K.Gokhale on		
	Development and Welfare - Dr. Manmohan Singh's		
	'Three Steps' to Stem India's Economic Crisis. Module 4: Nodel Prize Winners in Economics		
	(12 Lectures)		
	Dr. Amartya Sen (1998) -Robert. A. Mundell (1999) -Joseph Stiglitz(2001) -Dr. Abhijeet Banarj		





Jogeshwari (East), Mumbai – 400060

Teaching Plan

2022-23

Subject: ADVANCED MICROECONOMICS - III Class : TYBA Sem: V & VI

Faculty Name: Natasha Kalashi

Month	Topics to be covered	Assigned Lecture	Lectures Undertaken
June & July	Module 1: General Equilibrium and Welfare Economics Concept of General Equilibrium and Walrasian General Equilibrium Model - Pareto Optimality — The Pareto Optimality Condition of Social Welfare - Marginal Conditions for Pareto Optimal Resource Allocation - Perfect Competition and Pareto Optimality - Arrow's Impossibility Theorem Module 2: Market Structure: Monopoly and Monopolistic Competition Concept of Monopoly - Measurement of Monopoly Power - Price Discrimination: Types and Classification of Price Discrimination (Degrees of Price Discrimination) - Equilibrium under discriminating Monopoly - Regulation of Monopoly Market Product Differentiation in Monopolistic Competition - Chamberlin's Alternative approach- Equilibrium under Monopolistic Competition - Excess Capacity	26	26



ISMAIL YUSUF COLLEGE OF ARTS, SCIENCE & COMMERCE

August- September -October	Module 3: Oligopoly The Cournot Model - Meaning and Characteristics of Oligopoly Market - Rigid Prices - The Sweezy Model of Kinked Demand Curve - Collusive Oligopoly - Cartel: Centralised and Market Sharing Cartel - Imperfect Collusion- Price Leadership Models, Game Theory - Prisoner's Dilemma, Nash Equilibrium and Dominant Strategy Equilibrium Module 4: Information Economics Economics of Search and Search Cost - The Theory of Asymmetric Information-The Market for Lemons and Adverse Selection - Risk Preference and Expected Utility - The Problem of Moral Hazard - Market Signaling - Principal-Agent Problem	24	24
Dec-Jan	Module 1: Post Keynesian Synthesis (14 Lectures) Derivation of Aggregate Demand Curve with IS- LM - Aggregate Supply Curve - Determination of Equilibrium National Income and Price Level under Aggregate Demand and Aggregate Supply Model - Extension of IS-LM Model with Labour Market and Flexible Prices - Natural Rate of Unemployment- Long run Philips Curve - Friedman's Expectation Model - Tobin's Modified Philips Curve - Adaptive	26	26



ISMAIL YUSUF COLLEGE OF ARTS, SCIENCE & COMMERCE

	Expectations and Rational Expectations. Module 2: Trade Cycles (12 Lectures) Meaning- Nature- Features and Types of Trade Cycles - Phases of Trade Cycles - Theories of Trade Cycles- Hawtrey's, Kaldor, Paul Samuelson and Hicks - Measures to Control Trade Cycles		
Feb- March	Module 3: Exchange Rate Regimes and Currency Crises (12 Lectures) Managed Exchange Rate- Advantage and Disadvantage - Policy of Managed Flexibility- Adjustable Peg System, Crawling Peg System, Managed Floating System, Clean and Dirty Float System - Balance of Payment and Exchange Rate - Is Balance of Payments Always in Balance? - Convertibility of Currency - Currency Crisis-Causes, Impact and Measures. Module 4: International Monetary System (12 Lectures) Rise and Fall of International Gold Standard - Bretton Woods System- Breakdown of the Bretton Woods System - Monetary System after the Collapse of Bretton Woods System - Maastricht Treaty, Features, Economy - Asia Infrastructure Investment Bank (AIIB) - New Development Bank (NDB): Asian Development Bank (ADB)	24	24



Jogeshwari (East), Mumbai – 400060

Teaching Plan

Subject: ECONOMICS OF GROWTH And DEVELOPMENT(SEM V) &

INTERNATIONAL ECONOMICS (SEM VI)

Class: TYBA Sem: V & VI

Faculty Name: Pravin Dube

Month	Topics to be covered	Assigned Lecture	Lectures Undertaken
June-july	Module 1: Meaning of Economic Growth and Development (12 Lectures) Concepts of Economic Growth and Development-Distinction between Economic Growth and Development-Concept of Human Development-H.D.I, G.D.I, Green GDP- Sen's Capability approach-Millennium Development Goals (MDGs)- Initiative by Indian government towards MDGs. Module 2: Theories of Economic Development (12 Lectures) Rostow's stages of growth; Big Push Theory-Leibenstein's Critical Minimum Effort Thesis - Harrod - Domar Growth Model- Lewis Model of unlimited supply of labour - Ragner Nurkse's Theory of Disguised Unemployment- Schumpeter's Theory of Development	24	24



ISMAIL YUSUF COLLEGE OF ARTS, SCIENCE & COMMERCE

Angust	Modulo 2: Structural Issues in Davidament	24	24
August-	Module 3: Structural Issues in Development	24	24
September	Process (12 Lectures)		
-octomber	Concept of Human Capital- Role of Education,		
	Health and nutrition in Human Capital - Meaning		
	and		
	Measurement of Poverty and Inequality- Measures		
	to eradicate poverty and Inequality - Meaning of		
	Inclusive growth - SHG and Microfinance-		
	Migration – Urbanization- Formal and Informal		
	Sector- Urban Informal Sector		
	Module 4: Planning, Technology and Economic		
	Development (12 Lectures)		
	Concept and Role of infrastructure in Economic		
	Development- Role of technology in Economic		
	Development- Labour intensive versus Capital		
	intensive technology- Schumacher's concepts of		
	intermediate and appropriate technology- Green		
	Technology- Meaning and Types of Economic		
	Planning- Role of Planning in Economic		
	Development		
	-		
D. I	M. 1 1. 1 T. 4 . 1 . 4	24	24
Dec-Jan	Module 1: Introduction to Trade Theories (12	24	24
	Lectures)		
	Meaning, scope and importance of International		
	Trade- Difference between Internal and		
	International		
	Trade - Adam Smith's Theory of International		
	Trade - Ricardian theory of comparative cost		
	difference		
	Heckscher- Ohlin Theory-Leontief's Paradox-		
	Krugman's Model		
	Module 2: Balance of Trade and Balance of		
	Payment (12 Lectures)		
	Concepts of Terms of Trade(Net barter, Gross		
	barter and Income terms of trade)-Meaning and		



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Jogeshwari (East), Mumbai – 400060

	difference between Balance of Trade (BOT) and Balance of Payment (BOP)-Purchasing Power Parity theory, Law of Reciprocal Demand-Marshall-Edgeworth Offer curves, Gains from trade-Case for and against Free Trade and Protection policy		
Feb-	Module 3: Foreign Exchange Market (12	24	24
March	Lectures) Meaning and Functions of Foreign Exchange Market-Exchange rate determination, Factors influencing foreign exchange rate-Managed Flexibility-SWAP Market, Components of foreign exchange reserves Foreign Aid Vs Foreign Trade, FDI and MNCs Module 4: International Economic Institutions and Economic Integration (12 Lectures) IMF, World Bank - Role and functions-WTO- Objectives, Functions and Agreements with respect to TRIPS,TRIMS, GATS, AoA - Forms and objectives of Economic Integration-Cartels-Trade Blocs, ASEAN- European Union (EU)- NAFTA and SAARC.		

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Jogeshwari (East), Mumbai – 400060

Teaching Plan

Subject: INDUSTRIAL AND LABOUR ECONOMICS-I (SEM V) & INDUSTRIAL AND

LABOUR ECONOMICS-I (SEM VI)
Class: TYBA Sem: V & VI

Faculty Name: Pooja Joshi

Month	Topics to be covered	Assigned Lecture	Lectures Undertaken
June-July	Module 1: Introduction (12 Lectures) Meaning and Scope of Industrial Economics- Industrial Profile- Private sector- Performance and Problems - Cooperatives sector and its role, merits and demerits- Public Sector — Role - Performance and Problems -Role of agriculture in Industrial development, Industrial Combinations - Motives for Mergers and Acquisitions. Module 2: Industrial Location and Problem of Regional Imbalance (12 Lectures) Determinants of Industrial Location, Theories of Industrial Location - Weber's and Sargent Florence's Theories, Dispersal and Decentralization of Industries, Problem of Regional Imbalance.	24	24



ISMAIL YUSUF COLLEGE OF ARTS, SCIENCE & COMMERCE

	Jogeshwari (East), Mullipai – 400000	1	·
August-	Module 3: Industrial Productivity and Industrial	24	24
September	Sickness (12 Lectures)		
-October	Concept and Measurement of Industrial		
	Productivity- Factors Affecting Industrial		
	Productivity-Industrial		
	Sickness - Causes, Effects and Remedial Measures -		
	Rationalisation - Concept, Aspects and Impact.		
	Module 4: Industrial Development in India (12		
	Lectures)		
	New Industrial Policy, 1991; Disinvestment Policy;		
	Small Scale Industries and Rural Industrialization;		
	National Manufacturing Policy, 2011 - Recent		
	Trends in India's Industrial Growth- Role of MNCs		
	in the		
	Indian Economy - Merits and Demerits, Industrial		
	Finance in India.		
Dec-Jan	Module 1: Introduction - Indian Labour Market	24	24
	(12 Lectures)		
	Characteristics of the Indian Labour Market, Child		
	Labour and Women Labour -Problems and		
	Measures,		
	Labour Market Reforms - Exit Policy and Need for		
	Safety Nets, Second National Commission on		
	Labour, Globalization and its impact on Indian		
	Labours.		
	Module 2: Trade Unionism (12 Lectures)		
	Definition and Functions of Trade Unions,		
	Historical Evolution of Trade Unions in India and		
	their		
	Present Status- Problems of Trade Unions in India-		
	Role of Outside Leadership- International Labour		
	Organization.		



ISMAIL YUSUF COLLEGE OF ARTS, SCIENCE & COMMERCE

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Feb-Marc	Module 3: Industrial Relations (12 Lectures)	24	24	
	Causes of Industrial Disputes and Their Settlement			
	Mechanism- Collective Bargaining - Concept,			
	Features - Importance and Pre-requisites for			
	Successful Collective Bargaining - Collective			
	Bargaining in			
	India -Workers' Participation in Management-			
	Concept, Objectives and Forms of			1
	Workers' Participation			
	in India -Working Conditions and life style of			
	Indian workers.			
	Module 4: Labour Welfare and Social Security			
	(12 Lectures)			1
	Concept -Theories and Principles of Labour			
	Welfare- Agencies for Labour Welfare, Role of the			
	Labour			
	Welfare Officer - Social Security-Concept; Social			
	Assistance and Social Insurance – Social Security			
	Measures in India - Indian Labour Legislations.			



Jogeshwari (East), Mumbai – 400060

Teaching Plan

Subject: **RESEARCH METHODOLOGY – I AND RESEARCH METHODOLOGY II**

Class: TYBA Sem: V & VI

Faculty Name: Natasha Kalashi

Month	Topics to be covered	Assigned Lecture	Lectures Undertaken
June-July	Module 1: Introduction to Research (12 Lectures) Meaning and scope of social science research-Basic assumptions of research-Features and importance of social science research-Objectives and types of research; Basic, Applied, Pure, Descriptive, Analytical, and Empirical research-Limitations of social science research-Difficulties in social science research Module 2: Formulation of Problem in Social Science Research (12 Lectures) Research process: Identification, selection and formulation of research problem-Sources of research problem - Criteria of a good research problem-Review of literature-Formulation of hypothesis-Research design: Definition, Concepts, and types-Data Collection and analysis- Interpretation and report writing- Use of web search in research process. Module	24	24



ISMAIL YUSUF COLLEGE OF ARTS, SCIENCE & COMMERCE

.	Jogeshwan (East), Mullibai – 400000	Ī	1
August- September -October	Module 3: Types of Data: Primary and Secondary (12 Lectures) Types of Data: Primary data and its collection methods: Observation method- Interview Technique - Design of schedule and questionnaire - Survey method and Field visits - Secondary data: Meaning- advantages- sources- relevance and limitations of secondary data- Sampling Techniques: Census and sample survey- Essentials of a good sampling - Advantages and limitations of sampling- Types of sampling: Random sampling and Non-random sampling-Sampling and Non-Sampling errors. Module 4: Representation and Analysis of Data (12 Lectures) Classification, Tabulation and Graphical presentation of socio-economic data- Need and importance of data analysis- Statistical analytical tools: Measures of Central Tendency - Measures of	24	24
	presentation of socio-economic data- Need and importance of data analysis- Statistical analytical tools: Measures		



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	Jogeshwan (East), Mullipai – 400000			
Dec-Jan	Module 1: Application of Statistics in Research	24	24	
	(10 Lectures)			
	Methods of studying correlation- measurement of			
	simple correlation: graphic method- Scatter diagram-			
	Coefficient of correlation- Karl Pearson and rank			
	correlation- Interpretation of $r = +1$. Linear			
	regression			
	analysis: Meaning, regression lines, regression			
	equation, regression equation relationship between			
	correlation and regression- Analysis of time series-			
	Components- Trend analysis- Moving averages			
	(3, 4 and 5 Yearly)- Method of least square.			
	Module 2: Index Number: (14 Lectures)			
	Meaning and classification of index number -			
	Problems encountered while constructing index			
	numbers-			
	Uses and limitation of index numbers - Methods of			
	constructing index numbers: Simple index:			
	i) Aggregate method ii) Simple average of Relative method - Weighted index: Laspeyer's, Paache's,			
	Fisher's and Marshall- Edgeworth - Base shifting -			
	Deflating and Cost of living index number:			
	Weighted			
	average of Relative method - Aggregate			
	Expenditure method- Chain based index - Concepts			
	of base			
	shifting, splicing, and deflating - Consumer price			
	index- Meaning, need and construction.			
Feb-Marc	Module 3: Hypothesis Formulation and Testing	24	24	
i cu-iviaic	(10 Lectures)	_ _	27	
	Definition and functions of Hypothesis - Criteria of			
	workable Hypothesis - Forms and sources of			
	hypothesis- Concepts in testing of hypothesis:			
	Universe / Population parameter and sample			



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statistics-
Types of hypotheses: Null and Alternative
Hypotheses-Levels of significance-Critical region -
Type I and
Type II Errors -Student t- test.
Module 4: Research Report Writing (14
Lectures)

Types of research reports: Technical, Popular, Interim, Summary, Article- Format of a research report-

Principles of writing the research report:
Organization and style - Contents- Styles of reporting- Steps in drafting reports- Editing the final draft-Evaluating the final draft -Organization of the research report: Preliminaries, Contents of report, Structuring the report: Chapter format- Pagination- Identification-Using quotations, Presenting footnotes-Abbreviations- Presentation of tables and figures-Referencing documentation-Use and format of appendices-Indexing - Bibliography, Appendices.

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Jogeshwari (East), Mumbai – 400060

Teaching Plan

Subject: ENVIRONMENTAL ECONOMICS - I & ENVIRONMENTAL ECONOMICS -

II Class: TYBA Sem:V & VI

Faculty Name: Pooja Joshi

Month	Topics to be covered	Assigned Lecture	Lectures Undertaken
June-July	Module1: Introduction to Environmental Economics (12 Lectures) Environmental Economics: Nature, Significance and Scope; Environment and the economy; Environmental Kuznets Curve; Common resources, externalities and property rights; Coase Theorem; Rio Declaration and Agenda 21 programme of action for sustainable development. Module 2: The Design and Implementation of Environmental Policy (12 Lectures) Criteria for evaluating environmental policies; Tools of Environmental Policy: Standards, Pigovian taxes/effluent fees, quotas/tradable permits; Choice between taxes and quotas; Environmental Policy: Regulation and Implementation.	24	24
August- September -October	Module 3: Measuring Benefits of Environmental Improvements (12 Lectures) Economic value of Environment: Use and Non-use values; Measurement methods of environmental value: Market based and Non-market based methods; Contingent Valuation Method; Travel Cost Method; Hedonic Price Method. Module 4: Global Environmental Issues (12 Lectures) Trade and environment-Overview of trans-	24	24



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	boundary environmental problems-Global Warming - Climate Change - Energy Crisis - Challenges of		
	urbanization - International environmental		
	agreements.		
	agreements.		
Dec-Jan	Module1: Environmental Degradation (12	24	24
	Lectures)		
	Concept and types of Environmental Degradation;		
	Renewable and Non-renewable natural resources:		
	Land, Air, Water and Noise Pollution: Causes,		
	effects and measures.		
	Module 2: Environmental Accounting (12		
	Lectures)		
	Accounting for environmental and natural		
	resources: Meaning and importance; System of		
	Environmental-Economic Accounting (SEEA) and		
	Environmental and Natural Resources Accounting		
	(ENRA); Integration of Environmental Accounts		
	with System of National Accounts: Green GDP;		
	Concept of Green Growth and its Indicators;		
	Concepts of Green Consumer and Green Business.		
Feb-Marc	Module 3: Sustainable Development and India	24	24
	(12 Lectures)		
	Concept of Sustainable Development;		
	Characteristics and dimensions of Sustainable		
	Development;		
	Sustainable Development Goals and Measures with		
	special reference to India; Smart Cities Mission in		
	India; National Mission For Sustainable Agriculture		
	(NMSA): Objectives, strategy and components.		
	Module 4: Environmental Policy in India (12		
	Lectures)		
	Overview of laws to improve the environment in		
	India; Central pollution Control Board; Industrial		
	Pollution Control Measures in India; Pradhan		
	Mantri Ujjwala Yojana (PMUY); National Green		



Jogeshwari (East), Mumbai – 400060

Teaching Plan

Subject: HISTORY OF ECONOMIC THOUGHT - I & HISTORY OF ECONOMIC

THOUGHT-II

Class: TYBA Sem:V & VI

Faculty Name: Nazeer Sayyad

Month	Topics to be covered	Assigned Lecture	Lectures Undertaken
June-July	Module 1: Classical Economics (12 Lectures) Mercantilism and Physiocracy: Introduction -Adam Smith: Liberalism -Division of Labour -Theory of Value - David Ricardo: Rent Theory- Wage Theory - Theory of Value- Karl Marx: Surplus Value Materialistic Interpretation of History -Scientific Socialism. Module 2: Neo-Classical Economics (12 Lectures) Alfred Marshall: Thought on Value - Representative Firm - Consumer's Surplus - Internal and External Economies-Quasi Rent - Schumpeter: Economic Development And Innovation- Pigou: Welfare Economics.	24	24
August- September -October	Module 3: Keynesian Ideas (12 Lectures) Employment Theory- Money- Wage Rigidity Model- Multiplier and accelerator and their interaction - Trade Cycle - Inflation -Role of Fiscal Policy - Keynesian Economics and Developing Countries. Module 4: Post-Keynesian Economics (12	24	24



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	(2004),		
	Lectures) Supply Side Economics -Hayek's Theory of Trade Cycle- Life Cycle theory Consumption- Friedman: Theory of Demand for Money - Long-Run Philips Curve - Mankiw's New Keynesian Model - Stagflation.		
Dec-Jan	Module 1: Indian Economic Thought (12 Lectures) Kautilya on welfare state -Dadabhai Naoroji's Thoughts on Drain Theory- Ranade's Case on Protection - R. C. Dutt on Imperialism - Land Tax and Public Finance - Gopal Ganesh Agarkar. Module 2: Economic Thought of Mahatma Phule and Gandhi (12 Lectures) Mahatma Phule's Views on Agriculture - Reasons of Farmer's Poverty - Gandhian Economic Thoughts on Self-Sufficient Village Economy - Dignity of Labour - Trusteeship - and Sarvodaya.	24	24
Feb-Marc	Module 3: Economic Thought of Dr. B.R.Ambedkar, G.K.Gokhale and Dr. Manmohan Singh (12 Lectures) Dr.Ambedkar's Case for State Socialism - Problem of Rupee - Public Finance – G.K.Gokhale on Development and Welfare - Dr. Manmohan Singh's 'Three Steps' to Stem India's Economic Crisis. Module 4: Nodel Prize Winners in Economics (12 Lectures) Dr. Amartya Sen (1998) -Robert. A. Mundell (1999) -Joseph Stiglitz(2001) -Dr. Abhijeet Banarj	24	24





Jogeshwari (East), Mumbai – 400060

Teaching Plan

2018-19

Subject: Business Economics Class:FYBCOM Sem: I&II

Faculty Name: Shabana Shaikh, Rajdeep Kamble

Month	Topics to be covered	Assigned Lecture	Lectures Undertaken
June -July	Scope and Importance of Business Economics - basic tools- Opportunity Cost principle Incremental and Marginal Concepts. Basic economic relations Functional relations: equations- Total, Average and Marginal relations- Use of Marginal analysis in decision making. The basics of market demand, market supply and equilibrium price- shifts in the demand and supply curves and equilibrium Demand Function - nature of demand curve under different markets Meaning, significance, types and measurement of elasticity of demand (Price, income cross and promotional) - relationship between price elasticity of demand and revenue concepts Demand Estimation and forecasting: Meaning and significance - methods of demand estimation- survey and statistical methods (numerical examples on trend analysis and simple linear regression)	25	25
August-	Production function: short run analysis with Law of Variable Proportions- Production function with two	20	20



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Jugeshwari (East), Mullipai – 400000	_	
variable inputs- isoquants, ridge lines and least cost		
combination of inputsLong run production function and		
Laws of Returns to Scale - expansion path - Economies		
and diseconomies of Scale and economies of scope Unit		
IV:Cost of Production. Cost concepts: accounting cost		
and economic cost, implicit and explicit cost, social and		
private cost, historical cost and replacement cost, sunk		
cost and incremental cost -fixed and variable cost -		
total, average and marginal cost - Cost Output		
Relationship in the Short Run and Long Run-		
(hypothetical numerical problems to be discussed)		
Extension of cost analysis: Cost reduction through		
experience- LAC and Learning curve and Break Even		
Analysis (with business application)		
Derfect competition and Managaly models as two	25	25
	23	23
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Output Decisions under imperiect Competition		
Monopolistic competition: Competitive and		
Monopolistic competition: Competitive and		
Monopolistic elements of monopolistic competition-		
Monopolistic elements of monopolistic competition- equilibrium of firm under monopolistic competitions,		
Monopolistic elements of monopolistic competition- equilibrium of firm under monopolistic competitions, monopolistic verses perfect competition, excess		
Monopolistic elements of monopolistic competition- equilibrium of firm under monopolistic competitions, monopolistic verses perfect competition, excess capacity and inefficiency, debate over role of		
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	combination of inputsLong run production function and Laws of Returns to Scale - expansion path - Economies and diseconomies of Scale and economies of scope Unit IV:Cost of Production. Cost concepts: accounting cost and economic cost, implicit and explicit cost, social and private cost, historical cost and replacement cost, sunk cost and incremental cost -fixed and variable cost - total, average and marginal cost - Cost Output Relationship in the Short Run and Long Run-(hypothetical numerical problems to be discussed) Extension of cost analysis: Cost reduction through experience- LAC and Learning curve and Break Even Analysis (with business application) Perfect competition and Monopoly models as two extreme cases - profit maximisation and the competitive firm's supply curve - Short run and long run equilibrium of a firm and of industry - Monopoly - Sources of monopoly power — short run and long run equilibrium of a firm under Monopoly Unit II:Pricing and	variable inputs- isoquants, ridge lines and least cost combination of inputsLong run production function and Laws of Returns to Scale - expansion path - Economies and diseconomies of Scale and economies of scope Unit IV:Cost of Production. Cost concepts: accounting cost and economic cost, implicit and explicit cost, social and private cost, historical cost and replacement cost, sunk cost and incremental cost -fixed and variable cost - total, average and marginal cost - Cost Output Relationship in the Short Run and Long Run-(hypothetical numerical problems to be discussed) Extension of cost analysis: Cost reduction through experience- LAC and Learning curve and Break Even Analysis (with business application) Perfect competition and Monopoly models as two extreme cases - profit maximisation and the competitive firm's supply curve - Short run and long run equilibrium of a firm and of industry - Monopoly - Sources of monopoly power - short run and long run



ISMAIL YUSUF COLLEGE OF ARTS, SCIENCE & COMMERCE

Feb- March	Unit III: Pricing practices (10 lectures) Cost oriented pricing methods: cost –plus (full cost)/mark-up pricing, marginal cost pricing, Mark up pricing, discriminating pricing, multiple – product pricing - transfer pricing (case studies on how pricing methods are used in business world) Unit IV: Evaluating capital projects Meaning and importanceof capital budgeting- steps in capital budgeting- Techniques of Investment appraisal: payback period method, net present value method, and internal rate of return method (with numerical	20	20
	business world) Unit IV: Evaluating capital projects Meaning and importanceof capital budgeting- steps in capital budgeting- Techniques of Investment appraisal: payback period method, net present value method, and		



Jogeshwari (East), Mumbai – 400060

Teaching Plan

2019-20

Subject: Business Economics Class:FYBCOM Sem: I&II

Faculty Name: Rajdeep Kamble, Nazish Sayyad

Month	Topics to be covered	Assigned Lecture	Lectures Undertaken
June -July	Scope and Importance of Business Economics - basic tools- Opportunity Cost principle Incremental and Marginal Concepts. Basic economic relations Functional relations: equations- Total, Average and Marginal relations- Use of Marginal analysis in decision making. The basics of market demand, market supply and equilibrium price- shifts in the demand and supply curves and equilibrium Demand Function - nature of demand curve under different markets Meaning, significance, types and measurement of elasticity of demand (Price, income cross and promotional) - relationship between price elasticity of demand and revenue concepts Demand Estimation and forecasting: Meaning and significance - methods of demand estimation- survey and statistical methods (numerical examples on trend analysis and simple linear regression)	25	25
August-	Production function: short run analysis with Law of Variable Proportions- Production function with two	20	20



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variable inputs- isoquants, ridge lines and least cost		
combination of inputsLong run production function and		
Laws of Returns to Scale - expansion path - Economies		
and diseconomies of Scale and economies of scope Unit		
IV:Cost of Production. Cost concepts: accounting cost		
and economic cost, implicit and explicit cost, social and		
private cost, historical cost and replacement cost, sunk		
cost and incremental cost -fixed and variable cost -		
total, average and marginal cost - Cost Output		
Relationship in the Short Run and Long Run-		
(hypothetical numerical problems to be discussed)		
Extension of cost analysis: Cost reduction through		
experience- LAC and Learning curve and Break Even		
Analysis (with business application)		
Deufe et commetitien and Managely madels as type	25	25
	25	25
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Monopolistic competition: Competitive and	1	
Managalistic alaments of managalistic compatition		
Monopolistic elements of monopolistic competition-		
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equilibrium of firm under monopolistic competitions, monopolistic verses perfect competition, excess		
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	Laws of Returns to Scale - expansion path - Economies and diseconomies of Scale and economies of scope Unit IV:Cost of Production. Cost concepts: accounting cost and economic cost, implicit and explicit cost, social and private cost, historical cost and replacement cost, sunk cost and incremental cost - fixed and variable cost - total, average and marginal cost - Cost Output Relationship in the Short Run and Long Run- (hypothetical numerical problems to be discussed) Extension of cost analysis: Cost reduction through experience- LAC and Learning curve and Break Even Analysis (with business application) Perfect competition and Monopoly models as two extreme cases - profit maximisation and the competitive firm's supply curve - Short run and long run equilibrium of a firm and of industry - Monopoly - Sources of monopoly power — short run and long run equilibrium of a firm under Monopoly Unit II:Pricing and Output Decisions under Imperfect Competition	Laws of Returns to Scale - expansion path - Economies and diseconomies of Scale and economies of scope Unit IV:Cost of Production. Cost concepts: accounting cost and economic cost, implicit and explicit cost, social and private cost, historical cost and replacement cost, sunk cost and incremental cost -fixed and variable cost - total, average and marginal cost - Cost Output Relationship in the Short Run and Long Run- (hypothetical numerical problems to be discussed) Extension of cost analysis: Cost reduction through experience- LAC and Learning curve and Break Even Analysis (with business application) Perfect competition and Monopoly models as two extreme cases - profit maximisation and the competitive firm's supply curve - Short run and long run equilibrium of a firm and of industry - Monopoly - Sources of monopoly power - short run and long run equilibrium of a firm under Monopoly Unit II:Pricing and Output Decisions under Imperfect Competition



ISMAIL YUSUF COLLEGE OF ARTS, SCIENCE & COMMERCE

Feb- March	Unit III: Pricing practices (10 lectures) Cost oriented pricing methods: cost –plus (full cost)/mark-up pricing, marginal cost pricing, Mark up pricing, discriminating pricing, multiple – product pricing - transfer pricing (case studies on how pricing methods are used in business world) Unit IV: Evaluating capital projects Meaning and importanceof capital budgeting- steps in capital budgeting- Techniques of Investment appraisal: payback period method, net present value method, and internal rate of return method (with numerical	20	20
	examples)		



Jogeshwari (East), Mumbai – 400060

Teaching Plan

2020-21

Subject: Business Economics Class:FYBCOM Sem: I&II

Faculty Name: Rajdeep Kamble, Rukhsana Shaikh

Month	Topics to be covered	Assigned Lecture	Lectures Undertaken
June -July	Scope and Importance of Business Economics - basic tools- Opportunity Cost principle Incremental and Marginal Concepts. Basic economic relations Functional relations: equations- Total, Average and Marginal relations- Use of Marginal analysis in decision making. The basics of market demand, market supply and equilibrium price- shifts in the demand and supply curves and equilibrium Demand Function - nature of demand curve under different markets Meaning, significance, types and measurement of elasticity of demand (Price, income cross and promotional) - relationship between price elasticity of demand and revenue concepts Demand Estimation and forecasting: Meaning and significance - methods of demand estimation- survey and statistical methods (numerical examples on trend analysis and simple linear regression)	25	25
August- September	Production function: short run analysis with Law of Variable Proportions- Production function with two variable inputs- isoquants, ridge lines and least cost	20	20



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	(====),		
-October	combination of inputsLong run production function and Laws of Returns to Scale - expansion path - Economies and diseconomies of Scale and economies of scope Unit IV:Cost of Production. Cost concepts: accounting cost and economic cost, implicit and explicit cost, social and private cost, historical cost and replacement cost, sunk cost and incremental cost -fixed and variable cost - total, average and marginal cost - Cost Output Relationship in the Short Run and Long Run-(hypothetical numerical problems to be discussed) Extension of cost analysis: Cost reduction through experience- LAC and Learning curve and Break Even Analysis (with business application)		
Dec -Jan	Perfect competition and Monopoly models as two extreme cases - profit maximisation and the competitive firm's supply curve - Short run and long run equilibrium of a firm and of industry - Monopoly - Sources of monopoly power — short run and long run equilibrium of a firm under Monopoly Unit II:Pricing and Output Decisions under Imperfect Competition Monopolistic competition: Competitive and Monopolistic elements of monopolistic competition-equilibrium of firm under monopolistic competitions, monopolistic verses perfect competition, excess capacity and inefficiency, debate over role of advertising, (topics to be taught using case studies from real life examples) Oligopolistic Market: Key attributes of oligopoly- Collusive and non-collusive oligopoly market, Price rigidity, Cartels and price leadership models(with practical examples)	25	25



ISMAIL YUSUF COLLEGE OF ARTS, SCIENCE & COMMERCE

Feb-		20	20	
March	Unit III: Pricing practices (10 lectures) Cost oriented pricing methods: cost –plus (full cost)/mark-up pricing, marginal cost pricing, Mark up pricing, discriminating pricing, multiple – product pricing - transfer pricing (case studies on how pricing methods are used in business world) Unit IV: Evaluating capital projects Meaning and importanceof capital budgeting- steps in capital budgeting- Techniques of Investment appraisal: payback period method, net present value method, and internal rate of return method (with numerical examples)			



Jogeshwari (East), Mumbai – 400060

Teaching Plan

2021-22

Subject: Business Economics Class:FYBCOM Sem: I&II

Faculty Name: Amina Shikh, Suman Shevde

Month	Topics to be covered	Assigned Lecture	Lectures Undertaken
June -July	Scope and Importance of Business Economics - basic tools- Opportunity Cost principle Incremental and Marginal Concepts. Basic economic relations Functional relations: equations- Total, Average and Marginal relations- Use of Marginal analysis in decision making. The basics of market demand, market supply and equilibrium price- shifts in the demand and supply curves and equilibrium Demand Function - nature of demand curve under different markets Meaning, significance, types and measurement of elasticity of demand (Price, income cross and promotional) - relationship between price elasticity of demand and revenue concepts Demand Estimation and forecasting: Meaning and significance - methods of demand estimation- survey and statistical methods (numerical examples on trend analysis and simple linear regression)	25	25
August-	Production function: short run analysis with Law of Variable Proportions- Production function with two	20	20



ISMAIL YUSUF COLLEGE OF ARTS, SCIENCE & COMMERCE

variable inputs- isoquants, ridge lines and least cost		
combination of inputsLong run production function and		
Laws of Returns to Scale - expansion path - Economies		
and diseconomies of Scale and economies of scope Unit		
IV:Cost of Production. Cost concepts: accounting cost		
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cost and incremental cost -fixed and variable cost -		
total, average and marginal cost - Cost Output		
Relationship in the Short Run and Long Run-		
(hypothetical numerical problems to be discussed)		
Extension of cost analysis: Cost reduction through		
experience- LAC and Learning curve and Break Even		
Analysis (with business application)		
Deufe et commetitien and Managely madels as type	25	25
	25	25
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Monopolistic competition: Competitive and	1	
Managalistic alaments of managalistic compatition		
Monopolistic elements of monopolistic competition-		
equilibrium of firm under monopolistic competitions,		
equilibrium of firm under monopolistic competitions, monopolistic verses perfect competition, excess		
equilibrium of firm under monopolistic competitions, monopolistic verses perfect competition, excess capacity and inefficiency, debate over role of		
equilibrium of firm under monopolistic competitions, monopolistic verses perfect competition, excess capacity and inefficiency, debate over role of advertising, (topics to be taught using case studies from		
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ISMAIL YUSUF COLLEGE OF ARTS, SCIENCE & COMMERCE

Feb- March	Unit III: Pricing practices (10 lectures) Cost oriented pricing methods: cost –plus (full cost)/mark-up pricing, marginal cost pricing, Mark up pricing, discriminating pricing, multiple – product pricing - transfer pricing (case studies on how pricing methods are used in business world) Unit IV: Evaluating capital projects Meaning and importanceof capital budgeting- steps in capital budgeting- Techniques of Investment appraisal: payback period method, net present value method, and internal rate of return method (with numerical	20	20
	examples)		



Jogeshwari (East), Mumbai – 400060

Teaching Plan

2022-23

Subject: Business Economics Class:FYBCOM Sem: I&II

Faculty Name: Zaish Sayyad, Natasha Kalashi

Month	Topics to be covered	Assigned Lecture	Lectures Undertaken
June -July	Scope and Importance of Business Economics - basic tools- Opportunity Cost principle Incremental and Marginal Concepts. Basic economic relations Functional relations: equations- Total, Average and Marginal relations- Use of Marginal analysis in decision making. The basics of market demand, market supply and equilibrium price- shifts in the demand and supply curves and equilibrium Demand Function - nature of demand curve under different markets Meaning, significance, types and measurement of elasticity of demand (Price, income cross and promotional) - relationship between price elasticity of demand and revenue concepts Demand Estimation and forecasting: Meaning and significance - methods of demand estimation- survey and statistical methods (numerical examples on trend analysis and simple linear regression)	25	25
August-	Production function: short run analysis with Law of Variable Proportions- Production function with two	20	20



ISMAIL YUSUF COLLEGE OF ARTS, SCIENCE & COMMERCE

	Jugeshwari (East), Mullipai – 400000		
September	variable inputs- isoquants, ridge lines and least cost		
0.41	combination of inputsLong run production function and		
-October	Laws of Returns to Scale - expansion path - Economies		
	and diseconomies of Scale and economies of scope Unit		
	IV:Cost of Production. Cost concepts: accounting cost		
	and economic cost, implicit and explicit cost, social and		
	private cost, historical cost and replacement cost, sunk		
	cost and incremental cost -fixed and variable cost -		
	total, average and marginal cost - Cost Output		
	Relationship in the Short Run and Long Run-		
	(hypothetical numerical problems to be discussed)		
	Extension of cost analysis: Cost reduction through		
	experience- LAC and Learning curve and Break Even		
	Analysis (with business application)		
Dec -Jan	Perfect competition and Monopoly models as two	25	25
	extreme cases - profit maximisation and the		
	competitive firm's supply curve - Short run and long run		
	equilibrium of a firm and of industry - Monopoly -		
	Sources of monopoly power – short run and long run		
	equilibrium of a firm under Monopoly Unit II:Pricing and		
	Output Decisions under Imperfect Competition		
	Monopolistic competition: Competitive and		
	Monopolistic elements of monopolistic competition-		
	equilibrium of firm under monopolistic competitions,		
	monopolistic verses perfect competition, excess		
	capacity and inefficiency, debate over role of	1	
	capacity and incinciency, acpate over role of		
	advertising, (topics to be taught using case studies from		
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	advertising, (topics to be taught using case studies from		
	advertising, (topics to be taught using case studies from real life examples) Oligopolistic Market: Key attributes		
	advertising, (topics to be taught using case studies from real life examples) Oligopolistic Market: Key attributes of oligopoly- Collusive and non-collusive oligopoly		



ISMAIL YUSUF COLLEGE OF ARTS, SCIENCE & COMMERCE

Feb- March	Unit III: Pricing practices (10 lectures) Cost oriented pricing methods: cost –plus (full cost)/mark-up pricing, marginal cost pricing, Mark up pricing, discriminating pricing, multiple – product pricing - transfer pricing (case studies on how pricing methods are used in business world) Unit IV: Evaluating capital projects Meaning and importanceof capital budgeting- steps in capital budgeting- Techniques of Investment appraisal: payback period method, net present value method, and internal rate of return method (with numerical	20	20
	examples)		



Jogeshwari (East), Mumbai – 400060

Teaching Plan

2023-24

Subject: Business Economics Class:FYBCOM Sem: I&II

Faculty Name: Dr.Prof. Anil Chougule, Prashant Lemade, Kunal Bhor

Month	Topics to be covered	Assigned Lecture	Lectures Undertaken
June -July	Scope and Importance of Business Economics - basic tools- Opportunity Cost principle Incremental and Marginal Concepts. Basic economic relations Functional relations: equations- Total, Average and Marginal relations- Use of Marginal analysis in decision making. The basics of market demand, market supply and equilibrium price- shifts in the demand and supply curves and equilibrium Demand Function - nature of demand curve under different markets Meaning, significance, types and measurement of elasticity of demand (Price, income cross and promotional) - relationship between price elasticity of demand and revenue concepts Demand Estimation and forecasting: Meaning and significance - methods of demand estimation- survey and statistical methods (numerical examples on trend analysis and simple linear regression)	25	25
August- September	Production function: short run analysis with Law of Variable Proportions- Production function with two variable inputs- isoquants, ridge lines and least cost	20	20



ISMAIL YUSUF COLLEGE OF ARTS, SCIENCE & COMMERCE

	(====),		
-October	combination of inputsLong run production function and Laws of Returns to Scale - expansion path - Economies and diseconomies of Scale and economies of scope Unit IV:Cost of Production. Cost concepts: accounting cost and economic cost, implicit and explicit cost, social and private cost, historical cost and replacement cost, sunk cost and incremental cost -fixed and variable cost - total, average and marginal cost - Cost Output Relationship in the Short Run and Long Run-(hypothetical numerical problems to be discussed) Extension of cost analysis: Cost reduction through experience- LAC and Learning curve and Break Even Analysis (with business application)		
Dec -Jan	Perfect competition and Monopoly models as two extreme cases - profit maximisation and the competitive firm's supply curve - Short run and long run equilibrium of a firm and of industry - Monopoly - Sources of monopoly power — short run and long run equilibrium of a firm under Monopoly Unit II:Pricing and Output Decisions under Imperfect Competition Monopolistic competition: Competitive and Monopolistic elements of monopolistic competition-equilibrium of firm under monopolistic competitions, monopolistic verses perfect competition, excess capacity and inefficiency, debate over role of advertising, (topics to be taught using case studies from real life examples) Oligopolistic Market: Key attributes of oligopoly- Collusive and non-collusive oligopoly market, Price rigidity, Cartels and price leadership models(with practical examples)	25	25



ISMAIL YUSUF COLLEGE OF ARTS, SCIENCE & COMMERCE

Feb-		20	20	
March	Unit III: Pricing practices (10 lectures) Cost oriented pricing methods: cost –plus (full cost)/mark-up pricing, marginal cost pricing, Mark up pricing, discriminating pricing, multiple – product pricing - transfer pricing (case studies on how pricing methods are used in business world) Unit IV: Evaluating capital projects Meaning and importanceof capital budgeting- steps in capital budgeting- Techniques of Investment appraisal: payback period method, net present value method, and internal rate of return method (with numerical examples)			



Jogeshwari (East), Mumbai – 400060

Teaching Plan 2018-19

Subject: Business Economics Class: SYBCOM Sem: III & IV

Faculty Name: Rajdeep Kamble, Anisha

Month	Topics to be covered	Assigned Lecture	Lectures Undertaken
June-July	Macroeconomics: Meaning, Scope and Importance. Circular flow of aggregate income and expenditure and its Importance- closed and open economy models. The Measurement of National Product: Meaning and Importance of National Income Accounting-conventional and Green GNP and NNP concepts - National Income and Economic Welfare. Trade Cycles: Features and Phases Classical Macro economics: Say's law of Markets - Features, Implications and Criticism 2 BASIC CONCEPTS OF KEYNESIAN ECONOMICS. The Principle of Effective Demand: Aggregate Demand and Aggregate Supply Consumption Function: Properties, Assumptions and Implications Investment function and Marginal Efficiency of capital Investment Multiplier effect on Income and Output: Assumptions, Working, Leakages, Criticism and Importance - paradox of thrift Relevance of Keynesian theory tools to the developing countries •	20	20



	Jogeshwan (Last), Mullipai – 400000		
August- September	Liquidity Preference Theory of Interest 3 POST KEYNESIAN DEVELOPMENTS IN MACRO ECONOMICS The IS-LM model of integration of commodity and money markets Inflation and unemployment: Philips curve Stagflation: meaning, causes, and consequences Supply side economics: Basic propositions and critical appraisal 4 MONEY, PRICES AND INFLATION Money Supply: Determinants of Money Supply - Factors influencing Velocity of Circulation of Money Demand for Money: Classical and Keynesian approaches and Keynes' liquidity preference theory of interest - Friedman's restatement of Demand for money Money and prices: Quantity theory of money - Fisher's equation of exchange - Cambridge cash balance approach Inflation: Demand Pull Inflation and Cost Push Inflation - Effects of Inflation- Nature of inflation in a developing economy - policy measures to curb inflation- monetary policy and inflation targeting	25	25
Dec-Jan	Liquidity Preference Theory of Interest 3 POST KEYNESIAN DEVELOPMENTS IN MACRO ECONOMICS The IS-LM model of integration of commodity and money markets• Inflation and unemployment: Philips curve• Stagflation: meaning, causes, and consequences• Supply side economics: Basic propositions and critical appraisal• 4 MONEY, PRICES AND INFLATION Money Supply: Determinants of Money Supply - Factors influencing Velocity of• Circulation of Money Demand for Money: Classical and	20	20



	Keynesian approaches and Keynes' liquidity• preference		
	theory of interest - Friedman's restatement of Demand		
	for money Money and prices : Quantity theory of		
	money - Fisher's equation of exchange - Cambridge		
	cash balance approach Inflation : Demand Pull Inflation		
	and Cost Push Inflation - Effects of Inflation- Nature of●		
	inflation in a developing economy - policy measures to		
	curb inflation- monetary policy and inflation targeting		
Feb-	Public Expenditure: Canons - classification - economic	25	25
March	effects of public spending - on production,		
	consumption, distribution, employment and		
	stabilization - Theories of Public Expenditure: Wagner's		
	Hypothesis and Wiseman Peacock Hypothesis - Causes		
	for Public Expenditure Growth - Significance of Public		
	Expenditure: Low Income Support and Social Insurance		
	Programmes. Public Debt : Classification - Burden of		
	Debt Finance : Internal and External- Public Debt• and		
	Fiscal Solvency 4 Fiscal policy and Management Fiscal		
	Policy: Meaning, Objectives, constituents and		
	Limitations. • Contra cyclical Fiscal Policy and		
	Discretionary Fiscal Policy : Principles of Sound and •		
	Functional Finance Budget- Meaning objectives and		
	types - Structure of Union budget - Deficit concepts•		
	Intergovernmental Fiscal Relations : fiscal ederalism and		
	fiscal decentralization - centralstate financial relations		



Jogeshwari (East), Mumbai – 400060

Teaching Plan

2019-20

Subject: Business Economics Class: SYBCOM Sem: III & IV

Faculty Name: Rajdeep Kamble, Anisha

Month	Topics to be covered	Assigned Lecture	Lectures Undertaken
June-July	Macroeconomics: Meaning, Scope and Importance. Circular flow of aggregate income and expenditure and its Importance- closed and open economy models. The Measurement of National Product: Meaning and Importance of National Income Accounting-conventional and Green GNP and NNP concepts - National Income and Economic Welfare. Trade Cycles: Features and Phases Classical Macro economics: Say's law of Markets - Features, Implications and Criticism 2 BASIC CONCEPTS OF KEYNESIAN ECONOMICS. The Principle of Effective Demand: Aggregate Demand and Aggregate Supply Consumption Function: Properties, Assumptions and Implications Investment function and Marginal Efficiency of capital Investment Multiplier effect on Income and Output: Assumptions, Working, Leakages, Criticism and Importance - paradox of thrift Relevance of Keynesian theory tools to the developing countries	20	20



ISMAIL YUSUF COLLEGE OF ARTS, SCIENCE & COMMERCE

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August-	Liquidity Preference Theory of Interest 3 POST	25	25
September	KEYNESIAN DEVELOPMENTS IN MACRO ECONOMICS		
	The IS-LM model of integration of commodity and		
	money markets• Inflation and unemployment : Philips		
	curve Stagflation : meaning, causes, and		
	consequences • Supply side economics : Basic		
	propositions and critical appraisal • 4 MONEY, PRICES		
	AND INFLATION Money Supply: Determinants of		
	Money Supply - Factors influencing Velocity of●		
	Circulation of Money Demand for Money: Classical and		
	Keynesian approaches and Keynes' liquidity• preference		
	theory of interest - Friedman's restatement of Demand		
	for money Money and prices : Quantity theory of		
	money - Fisher's equation of exchange - Cambridge		
	cash balance approach Inflation : Demand Pull Inflation		
	and Cost Push Inflation - Effects of Inflation- Nature of		
	inflation in a developing economy - policy measures to		
	curb inflation- monetary policy and inflation targeting		
Dec-Jan	Liquidity Preference Theory of Interest 3 POST	20	20
Dec Jan	KEYNESIAN DEVELOPMENTS IN MACRO ECONOMICS	20	20
	The IS-LM model of integration of commodity and		
	money markets• Inflation and unemployment : Philips		
	curve• Stagflation : meaning, causes, and		
	consequences • Supply side economics : Basic		
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	propositions and critical appraisal • 4 MONEY, PRICES AND INFLATION Money Supply: Determinants of		
	Money Supply - Factors influencing Velocity of •		
	Circulation of Money Demand for Money : Classical and		
	Keynesian approaches and Keynes' liquidity preference		
	theory of interest - Friedman's restatement of Demand		
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ISMAIL YUSUF COLLEGE OF ARTS, SCIENCE & COMMERCE

	for money Money and prices : Quantity theory of			
	money - Fisher's equation of exchange -• Cambridge			
	cash balance approach Inflation : Demand Pull Inflation			
	and Cost Push Inflation - Effects of Inflation- Nature of			
	inflation in a developing economy - policy measures to			
	curb inflation- monetary policy and inflation targeting			
Feb-	Public Expenditure: Canons - classification - economic	25	25	
March	effects of public spending - on production,			
	consumption, distribution, employment and			
	stabilization - Theories of Public Expenditure: Wagner's			
	Hypothesis and Wiseman Peacock Hypothesis - Causes			
	for Public Expenditure Growth - Significance of Public			
	Expenditure: Low Income Support and Social Insurance			
	Programmes. Public Debt : Classification - Burden of			
	Debt Finance : Internal and External- Public Debt • and			
	Fiscal Solvency 4 Fiscal policy and Management Fiscal			
	Policy: Meaning, Objectives, constituents and			
	Limitations. • Contra cyclical Fiscal Policy and			
	Discretionary Fiscal Policy : Principles of Sound and			
	Functional Finance Budget- Meaning objectives and			
	types - Structure of Union budget - Deficit concepts•			
	Intergovernmental Fiscal Relations : fiscal ederalism and			
	fiscal decentralization - centralstate financial relations			



Jogeshwari (East), Mumbai – 400060

Teaching Plan

2020-21

Subject: Business Economics Class: SYBCOM Sem: III & IV

Faculty Name: Rajdeep kamble, Natasha kalashi, Rukhsana Shaikh

Month	Topics to be covered	Assigned Lecture	Lectures Undertaken
June-July	Macroeconomics: Meaning, Scope and Importance. Circular flow of aggregate income and expenditure and its Importance- closed and open economy models. The Measurement of National Product: Meaning and Importance of National Income Accounting-conventional and Green GNP and NNP concepts - National Income and Economic Welfare. Trade Cycles: Features and Phases Classical Macro economics: Say's law of Markets - Features, Implications and Criticism 2 BASIC CONCEPTS OF KEYNESIAN ECONOMICS. The Principle of Effective Demand: Aggregate Demand and Aggregate Supply Consumption Function: Properties, Assumptions and Implications Investment function and Marginal Efficiency of capital Investment Multiplier effect on Income and Output: Assumptions, Working, Leakages, Criticism and Importance - paradox of thrift Relevance of Keynesian theory tools to the developing countries	20	20



ISMAIL YUSUF COLLEGE OF ARTS, SCIENCE & COMMERCE

	70800		
August-	Liquidity Preference Theory of Interest 3 POST	25	25
September	KEYNESIAN DEVELOPMENTS IN MACRO ECONOMICS		
	The IS-LM model of integration of commodity and		
	money markets• Inflation and unemployment : Philips		
	curve• Stagflation : meaning, causes, and		
	consequences • Supply side economics : Basic		
	propositions and critical appraisal • 4 MONEY, PRICES		
	AND INFLATION Money Supply: Determinants of		
	Money Supply - Factors influencing Velocity of●		
	Circulation of Money Demand for Money : Classical and		
	Keynesian approaches and Keynes' liquidity• preference		
	theory of interest - Friedman's restatement of Demand		
	for money Money and prices : Quantity theory of		
	money - Fisher's equation of exchange - Cambridge		
	cash balance approach Inflation : Demand Pull Inflation		
	and Cost Push Inflation - Effects of Inflation- Nature of		
	inflation in a developing economy - policy measures to		
	curb inflation- monetary policy and inflation targeting		
Dec-Jan	Liquidity Preference Theory of Interest 3 POST	20	20
Dec Jan	KEYNESIAN DEVELOPMENTS IN MACRO ECONOMICS	20	20
	The IS-LM model of integration of commodity and		
	money markets• Inflation and unemployment : Philips		
	curve Stagflation: meaning, causes, and consequences Supply side economics: Basic		
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	propositions and critical appraisal • 4 MONEY, PRICES AND INFLATION Money Supply: Determinants of		
	Money Supply - Factors influencing Velocity of●		
	Circulation of Money Demand for Money : Classical and		
	Keynesian approaches and Keynes' liquidity• preference		
	theory of interest - Friedman's restatement of Demand		
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ISMAIL YUSUF COLLEGE OF ARTS, SCIENCE & COMMERCE

	for money Money and prices : Quantity theory of			
	money - Fisher's equation of exchange - Cambridge			
	cash balance approach Inflation : Demand Pull Inflation			
	and Cost Push Inflation - Effects of Inflation- Nature of●			
	inflation in a developing economy - policy measures to			
	curb inflation- monetary policy and inflation targeting			
Feb-	Public Expenditure: Canons - classification - economic	25	25	
March	effects of public spending - on production,			
	consumption, distribution, employment and			
	stabilization - Theories of Public Expenditure: Wagner's			
	Hypothesis and Wiseman Peacock Hypothesis - Causes			
	for Public Expenditure Growth - Significance of Public			
	Expenditure: Low Income Support and Social Insurance			
	Programmes. Public Debt : Classification - Burden of			
	Debt Finance : Internal and External- Public Debt• and			
	Fiscal Solvency 4 Fiscal policy and Management Fiscal			
	Policy: Meaning, Objectives, constituents and			
	Limitations. • Contra cyclical Fiscal Policy and			
	Discretionary Fiscal Policy : Principles of Sound and •			
	Functional Finance Budget- Meaning objectives and			
	types - Structure of Union budget - Deficit concepts•			
	Intergovernmental Fiscal Relations : fiscal ederalism and			
	fiscal decentralization - centralstate financial relations			



Jogeshwari (East), Mumbai – 400060

Teaching Plan

2021-22

Subject: Business Economics Class: SYBCOM Sem: III & IV

Faculty Name: Rajdeep Kamble, Sejal Mishra, Natasha Kalashi

Month	Topics to be covered	Assigned Lecture	Lectures Undertaken
June-July	Macroeconomics: Meaning, Scope and Importance. Circular flow of aggregate income and expenditure and its Importance- closed and open economy models. The Measurement of National Product: Meaning and Importance of National Income Accounting-conventional and Green GNP and NNP concepts - National Income and Economic Welfare. Trade Cycles: Features and Phases Classical Macro economics: Say's law of Markets - Features, Implications and Criticism 2 BASIC CONCEPTS OF KEYNESIAN ECONOMICS. The Principle of Effective Demand: Aggregate Demand and Aggregate Supply Consumption Function: Properties, Assumptions and Implications Investment function and Marginal Efficiency of capital Investment Multiplier effect on Income and Output: Assumptions, Working, Leakages, Criticism and Importance - paradox of thrift Relevance of Keynesian theory tools to the developing countries	20	20



ISMAIL YUSUF COLLEGE OF ARTS, SCIENCE & COMMERCE

August-	Liquidity Preference Theory of Interest 3 POST	25	25
September	KEYNESIAN DEVELOPMENTS IN MACRO ECONOMICS		
	The IS-LM model of integration of commodity and		
	money markets• Inflation and unemployment : Philips		
	curve Stagflation : meaning, causes, and		
	consequences • Supply side economics : Basic		
	propositions and critical appraisal • 4 MONEY, PRICES		
	AND INFLATION Money Supply: Determinants of		
	Money Supply - Factors influencing Velocity of●		
	Circulation of Money Demand for Money: Classical and		
	Keynesian approaches and Keynes' liquidity• preference		
	theory of interest - Friedman's restatement of Demand		
	for money Money and prices : Quantity theory of		
	money - Fisher's equation of exchange - • Cambridge		
	cash balance approach Inflation : Demand Pull Inflation		
	and Cost Push Inflation - Effects of Inflation- Nature of		
	inflation in a developing economy - policy measures to		
	curb inflation- monetary policy and inflation targeting		
Dec-Jan	Liquidity Preference Theory of Interest 3 POST	20	20
Dec Jan	KEYNESIAN DEVELOPMENTS IN MACRO ECONOMICS	20	20
	The IS-LM model of integration of commodity and		
	money markets• Inflation and unemployment : Philips		
	curve• Stagflation : meaning, causes, and		
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	propositions and critical appraisal • 4 MONEY, PRICES AND INFLATION Money Supply: Determinants of		
	Money Supply - Factors influencing Velocity of●		
	Circulation of Money Demand for Money : Classical and		
	Keynesian approaches and Keynes' liquidity• preference		
	theory of interest - Friedman's restatement of Demand		
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ISMAIL YUSUF COLLEGE OF ARTS, SCIENCE & COMMERCE

	for money Money and prices : Quantity theory of			
	money - Fisher's equation of exchange - • Cambridge			
	cash balance approach Inflation : Demand Pull Inflation			
	and Cost Push Inflation - Effects of Inflation- Nature of●			
	inflation in a developing economy - policy measures to			
	curb inflation- monetary policy and inflation targeting			
Feb-	Public Expenditure: Canons - classification - economic	25	25	
March	effects of public spending - on production,			
	consumption, distribution, employment and			
	stabilization - Theories of Public Expenditure: Wagner's			
	Hypothesis and Wiseman Peacock Hypothesis - Causes			
	for Public Expenditure Growth - Significance of Public			
	Expenditure: Low Income Support and Social Insurance			
	Programmes. Public Debt : Classification - Burden of			
	Debt Finance : Internal and External- Public Debt● and			
	Fiscal Solvency 4 Fiscal policy and Management Fiscal			
	Policy: Meaning, Objectives, constituents and			
	Limitations. • Contra cyclical Fiscal Policy and			
	Discretionary Fiscal Policy : Principles of Sound and			
	Functional Finance Budget- Meaning objectives and			
	types - Structure of Union budget - Deficit concepts•			
	Intergovernmental Fiscal Relations : fiscal ederalism and			
	fiscal decentralization - centralstate financial relations			



Jogeshwari (East), Mumbai – 400060

Teaching Plan

2022-23

Subject: Business Economics Class: SYBCOM Sem: III & IV

Faculty Name: Prashant Lemade, Natsasha Kalashi, Pooja Joshi

Month	Topics to be covered	Assigned Lecture	Lectures Undertaken
June-July	Macroeconomics: Meaning, Scope and Importance. Circular flow of aggregate income and expenditure and its Importance- closed and open economy models. The Measurement of National Product: Meaning and Importance of National Income Accounting-conventional and Green GNP and NNP concepts - National Income and Economic Welfare. Trade Cycles: Features and Phases Classical Macro economics: Say's law of Markets - Features, Implications and Criticism 2 BASIC CONCEPTS OF KEYNESIAN ECONOMICS. The Principle of Effective Demand: Aggregate Demand and Aggregate Supply Consumption Function: Properties, Assumptions and Implications Investment function and Marginal Efficiency of capital Investment Multiplier effect on Income and Output: Assumptions, Working, Leakages, Criticism and Importance - paradox of thrift Relevance of Keynesian theory tools to the developing countries	20	20



ISMAIL YUSUF COLLEGE OF ARTS, SCIENCE & COMMERCE

	70800		
August-	Liquidity Preference Theory of Interest 3 POST	25	25
September	KEYNESIAN DEVELOPMENTS IN MACRO ECONOMICS		
	The IS-LM model of integration of commodity and		
	money markets• Inflation and unemployment : Philips		
	curve• Stagflation : meaning, causes, and		
	consequences • Supply side economics : Basic		
	propositions and critical appraisal • 4 MONEY, PRICES		
	AND INFLATION Money Supply: Determinants of		
	Money Supply - Factors influencing Velocity of●		
	Circulation of Money Demand for Money : Classical and		
	Keynesian approaches and Keynes' liquidity• preference		
	theory of interest - Friedman's restatement of Demand		
	for money Money and prices : Quantity theory of		
	money - Fisher's equation of exchange - Cambridge		
	cash balance approach Inflation : Demand Pull Inflation		
	and Cost Push Inflation - Effects of Inflation- Nature of		
	inflation in a developing economy - policy measures to		
	curb inflation- monetary policy and inflation targeting		
Dec-Jan	Liquidity Preference Theory of Interest 3 POST	20	20
Dec Jan	KEYNESIAN DEVELOPMENTS IN MACRO ECONOMICS	20	20
	The IS-LM model of integration of commodity and		
	money markets• Inflation and unemployment : Philips		
	curve Stagflation: meaning, causes, and consequences Supply side economics: Basic		
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	propositions and critical appraisal • 4 MONEY, PRICES AND INFLATION Money Supply: Determinants of		
	Money Supply - Factors influencing Velocity of●		
	Circulation of Money Demand for Money : Classical and		
	Keynesian approaches and Keynes' liquidity• preference		
	theory of interest - Friedman's restatement of Demand		
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ISMAIL YUSUF COLLEGE OF ARTS, SCIENCE & COMMERCE

	for money Money and prices : Quantity theory of		
	money - Fisher's equation of exchange - Cambridge		
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	and Cost Push Inflation - Effects of Inflation- Nature of		
	inflation in a developing economy - policy measures to		
	curb inflation- monetary policy and inflation targeting		
Feb-	Public Expenditure: Canons - classification - economic	25	25
March	effects of public spending - on production,		
	consumption, distribution, employment and		
	stabilization - Theories of Public Expenditure: Wagner's		
	Hypothesis and Wiseman Peacock Hypothesis - Causes		
	for Public Expenditure Growth - Significance of Public		
	Expenditure: Low Income Support and Social Insurance		
	Programmes. Public Debt : Classification - Burden of		
	Debt Finance : Internal and External- Public Debt • and		
	Fiscal Solvency 4 Fiscal policy and Management Fiscal		
	Policy: Meaning, Objectives, constituents and		
	Limitations. ◆ Contra cyclical Fiscal Policy and		
	Discretionary Fiscal Policy : Principles of Sound and ●		
	Functional Finance Budget- Meaning objectives and		
	types - Structure of Union budget - Deficit concepts•		
	Intergovernmental Fiscal Relations : fiscal ederalism and		
	fiscal decentralization - centralstate financial relations		



Jogeshwari (East), Mumbai – 400060

Teaching Plan

2023-24

Subject: Business Economics Class: SYBCOM Sem: III & IV

Faculty Name: Dr.Prof.Ritesh Singhal, Dr.Prof.Anil Chougule. Prashant Lemade

Month	Topics to be covered	Assigned Lecture	Lectures Undertaken
June-July	Macroeconomics: Meaning, Scope and Importance. Circular flow of aggregate income and expenditure and its Importance- closed and open economy models. The Measurement of National Product: Meaning and Importance of National Income Accounting-conventional and Green GNP and NNP concepts - National Income and Economic Welfare. Trade Cycles: Features and Phases Classical Macro economics: Say's law of Markets - Features, Implications and Criticism 2 BASIC CONCEPTS OF KEYNESIAN ECONOMICS. The Principle of Effective Demand: Aggregate Demand and Aggregate Supply Consumption Function: Properties, Assumptions and Implications Investment function and Marginal Efficiency of capital Investment Multiplier effect on Income and Output: Assumptions, Working, Leakages, Criticism and Importance - paradox of thrift Relevance of Keynesian theory tools to the developing countries	20	20



ISMAIL YUSUF COLLEGE OF ARTS, SCIENCE & COMMERCE

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August-	Liquidity Preference Theory of Interest 3 POST	25	25
September	KEYNESIAN DEVELOPMENTS IN MACRO ECONOMICS		
	The IS-LM model of integration of commodity and		
	money markets Inflation and unemployment: Philips		
	curve Stagflation: meaning, causes, and		
	consequences • Supply side economics : Basic		
	propositions and critical appraisal • 4 MONEY, PRICES		
	AND INFLATION Money Supply: Determinants of		
	Money Supply - Factors influencing Velocity of●		
	Circulation of Money Demand for Money : Classical and		
	Keynesian approaches and Keynes' liquidity• preference		
	theory of interest - Friedman's restatement of Demand		
	for money Money and prices : Quantity theory of		
	money - Fisher's equation of exchange - • Cambridge		
	cash balance approach Inflation : Demand Pull Inflation		
	and Cost Push Inflation - Effects of Inflation- Nature of●		
	inflation in a developing economy - policy measures to		
	curb inflation- monetary policy and inflation targeting		
	, pene, management		
Dec-Jan	Liquidity Preference Theory of Interest 3 POST	20	20
Dec-Jan	Liquidity Preference Theory of Interest 3 POST KEYNESIAN DEVELOPMENTS IN MACRO ECONOMICS	20	20
Dec-Jan	• •	20	20
Dec-Jan	KEYNESIAN DEVELOPMENTS IN MACRO ECONOMICS	20	20
Dec-Jan	KEYNESIAN DEVELOPMENTS IN MACRO ECONOMICS The IS-LM model of integration of commodity and	20	20
Dec-Jan	KEYNESIAN DEVELOPMENTS IN MACRO ECONOMICS The IS-LM model of integration of commodity and money markets• Inflation and unemployment: Philips	20	20
Dec-Jan	KEYNESIAN DEVELOPMENTS IN MACRO ECONOMICS The IS-LM model of integration of commodity and money markets• Inflation and unemployment: Philips curve• Stagflation: meaning, causes, and	20	20
Dec-Jan	KEYNESIAN DEVELOPMENTS IN MACRO ECONOMICS The IS-LM model of integration of commodity and money markets• Inflation and unemployment: Philips curve• Stagflation: meaning, causes, and consequences• Supply side economics: Basic	20	20
Dec-Jan	KEYNESIAN DEVELOPMENTS IN MACRO ECONOMICS The IS-LM model of integration of commodity and money markets• Inflation and unemployment: Philips curve• Stagflation: meaning, causes, and consequences• Supply side economics: Basic propositions and critical appraisal• 4 MONEY, PRICES AND INFLATION Money Supply: Determinants of	20	20
Dec-Jan	KEYNESIAN DEVELOPMENTS IN MACRO ECONOMICS The IS-LM model of integration of commodity and money markets• Inflation and unemployment: Philips curve• Stagflation: meaning, causes, and consequences• Supply side economics: Basic propositions and critical appraisal• 4 MONEY, PRICES AND INFLATION Money Supply: Determinants of Money Supply - Factors influencing Velocity of•	20	20
Dec-Jan	KEYNESIAN DEVELOPMENTS IN MACRO ECONOMICS The IS-LM model of integration of commodity and money markets• Inflation and unemployment: Philips curve• Stagflation: meaning, causes, and consequences• Supply side economics: Basic propositions and critical appraisal• 4 MONEY, PRICES AND INFLATION Money Supply: Determinants of	20	20



ISMAIL YUSUF COLLEGE OF ARTS, SCIENCE & COMMERCE

	for money Money and prices : Quantity theory of			
	money - Fisher's equation of exchange - • Cambridge			
	cash balance approach Inflation : Demand Pull Inflation			
	and Cost Push Inflation - Effects of Inflation- Nature of			
	inflation in a developing economy - policy measures to			
	curb inflation- monetary policy and inflation targeting			
Feb-	Public Expenditure: Canons - classification - economic	25	25	
March	effects of public spending - on production,			
	consumption, distribution, employment and			
	stabilization - Theories of Public Expenditure: Wagner's			
	Hypothesis and Wiseman Peacock Hypothesis - Causes			
	for Public Expenditure Growth - Significance of Public			
	Expenditure: Low Income Support and Social Insurance			
	Programmes. Public Debt : Classification - Burden of			
	Debt Finance : Internal and External- Public Debt • and			
	Fiscal Solvency 4 Fiscal policy and Management Fiscal			
	Policy: Meaning, Objectives, constituents and			
	Limitations. ● Contra cyclical Fiscal Policy and			
	Discretionary Fiscal Policy : Principles of Sound and ●			
	Functional Finance Budget- Meaning objectives and			
	types - Structure of Union budget - Deficit concepts•			
	Intergovernmental Fiscal Relations : fiscal ederalism and			
	fiscal decentralization - centralstate financial relations			



Jogeshwari (East), Mumbai – 400060

Teaching Plan

2018-19

Subject: Business Economics Class: TYBCOM Sem: V & VI

Faculty Name: Shabana Shaikh , Rajdeep Kamble , Sayali

Month	Topics to be covered	Assigned Lecture	Lectures Undertaken
June-July	Overview of New Economic Policy-1991, - Role of Social Infrastructure with reference to education, health and family welfare. Sustainable Development Goals and Policy measures: Make in India, Invest in India, and Skill Development and Training Programmes. Foreign Investment Policy Measures in India — Foreign Investment Promotion Board, FDI- MNCs and their role. Agriculture During Post Reform Period National Agricultural Policy 2000: Objectives, Features and Implications Agricultural pricing and agricultural finance Agricultural Marketing Development-Agricultural Market infrastructure - Market information- Marketing training- Enabling environments-Recent developments	25	25



	Jogeshwari (Last), Mullibai – 400000		1
August- September -October	Policy Measures- Competition Act 2003, Disinvestment Policy, Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises [MSME sector] since 2007. Industrial Pollution in India:	20	20
	Meaning, Types, Effects and Control. Service Sector: Recent trends, role and growth in Healthcare and Tourism Industry 4 Banking and Financial Market Banking Sector- Recent trends, issues and challenges in Banking and Insurance Industry Money Market — Structure, Limitations and Reforms. Capital Market — Structure, Growth and Reforms.		
Dec-Jan	Theories of International Trade - Ricardo's Theory of Comparative Costs and the Heckscher- Ohlin Theory. Terms of Trade - Types and Limitations. Gains from International trade - Offer Curves and Reciprocal Demand. 2 Commercial Policy Commercial Trade Policy – Free Trade and Protection – Pros and Cons. Tariff And Non Tariff Barriers: Meaning, Types and Effects International Economic Integration – Types and Objectives:-EU and Brexit, ASAEN	20	20
Feb-	Balance of Payment: Meaning, Structure, Types of Disequilibrium. • Causes and measures to correct the	25	25



ISMAIL YUSUF COLLEGE OF ARTS, SCIENCE & COMMERCE

March	disequilibrium in Balance of Payments • WTO- Recent		
	Developments in TRIPS, TRIMS and GATS. ● 4 Foreign		
	Exchange market Foreign Exchange Market: Meaning,		
	Functions, Determination of Equilibrium • Rate of		
	Exchange. Purchasing Power Parity Theory, Spot and		
	Forward Exchange Rates, Arbitrage. • Role of Central		
	Bank in foreign exchange rate management, Managed		
	flexible• exchange rate system of India.		
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Jogeshwari (East), Mumbai – 400060

Teaching Plan

2019-20

Subject: Business Economics Class: TYBCOM Sem: V & VI

Faculty Name: Rajdeep Kamble, Anisa, Patel

Month	Topics to be covered	Assigned Lecture	Lectures Undertaken
June-July	Overview of New Economic Policy-1991, - Role of Social Infrastructure with reference to education, health and family welfare. Sustainable Development Goals and Policy measures: Make in India, Invest in India, and Skill Development and Training Programmes. Foreign Investment Policy Measures in India – Foreign Investment Promotion Board, FDI- MNCs and their role. Agriculture During Post Reform Period National Agricultural Policy 2000: Objectives, Features and Implications Agricultural pricing and agricultural finance Agricultural Marketing Development-Agricultural Market infrastructure - Market information- Marketing training- Enabling environments-Recent developments	25	25



ISMAIL YUSUF COLLEGE OF ARTS, SCIENCE & COMMERCE

August- September -October	Policy Measures- Competition Act 2003, Disinvestment Policy, Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises [MSME sector] since 2007. Industrial Pollution in India: Meaning, Types, Effects and Control. Service Sector: Recent trends, role and growth in Healthcare and Tourism Industry 4 Banking and Financial Market Banking Sector- Recent trends, issues and challenges in Banking and Insurance Industry Money Market — Structure, Limitations and Reforms. Capital Market — Structure, Growth and Reforms.	20	20
Dec-Jan	Theories of International Trade - Ricardo's Theory of Comparative Costs and • the Heckscher- Ohlin Theory. Terms of Trade - Types and Limitations. • Gains from International trade - Offer Curves and Reciprocal Demand. • 2 Commercial Policy Commercial Trade Policy – Free Trade and Protection – Pros and Cons. • Tariff And Non Tariff Barriers: Meaning, Types and Effects • International Economic Integration – Types and Objectives:-EU and Brexit, • ASAEN	20	20
Feb- March	Balance of Payment: Meaning, Structure, Types of Disequilibrium. Causes and measures to correct the disequilibrium in Balance of Payments WTO- Recent	25	25



ISMAIL YUSUF COLLEGE OF ARTS, SCIENCE & COMMERCE

Developments in TRIPS, TRIMS and GATS. ● 4 Foreign		
Exchange market Foreign Exchange Market: Meaning,		
Functions, Determination of Equilibrium • Rate of		
Exchange. Purchasing Power Parity Theory, Spot and		
Forward Exchange Rates, Arbitrage. ● Role of Central		
Bank in foreign exchange rate management, Managed		
flexible• exchange rate system of India.		
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Jogeshwari (East), Mumbai – 400060

Teaching Plan

2020-21

Subject: Business Economics Class: TYBCOM Sem: V & VI

Faculty Name: Rajdeep Kambale, Ruksana Shaikh, Sejal Mishra

Month	Topics to be covered	Assigned Lecture	Lectures Undertaken
June-July	Overview of New Economic Policy-1991, - Role of Social Infrastructure with reference to education, health and family welfare. Sustainable Development Goals and Policy measures: Make in India, Invest in India, and Skill Development and Training Programmes. Foreign Investment Policy Measures in India — Foreign Investment Promotion Board, FDI- MNCs and their role. Agriculture During Post Reform Period National Agricultural Policy 2000: Objectives, Features and Implications Agricultural pricing and agricultural finance Agricultural Marketing Development-Agricultural Market infrastructure - Market information- Marketing training- Enabling environments-Recent developments	25	25



ISMAIL YUSUF COLLEGE OF ARTS, SCIENCE & COMMERCE

August- September -October	Policy Measures- Competition Act 2003, Disinvestment Policy, Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises [MSME sector] since 2007. Industrial Pollution in India: Meaning, Types, Effects and Control. Service Sector: Recent trends, role and growth in Healthcare and Tourism Industry 4 Banking and Financial Market Banking Sector- Recent trends, issues and challenges in Banking and Insurance Industry Money Market — Structure, Limitations and Reforms. Capital Market — Structure, Growth and Reforms.	20	20
Dec-Jan	Theories of International Trade - Ricardo's Theory of Comparative Costs and the Heckscher- Ohlin Theory. Terms of Trade - Types and Limitations. Gains from International trade - Offer Curves and Reciprocal Demand. 2 Commercial Policy Commercial Trade Policy – Free Trade and Protection – Pros and Cons. Tariff And Non Tariff Barriers: Meaning, Types and Effects International Economic Integration – Types and Objectives:-EU and Brexit, ASAEN	20	20
Feb-	Balance of Payment: Meaning, Structure, Types of Disequilibrium. Causes and measures to correct the	25	25



ISMAIL YUSUF COLLEGE OF ARTS, SCIENCE & COMMERCE

March	disequilibrium in Balance of Payments • WTO- Recent		
	Developments in TRIPS, TRIMS and GATS. ● 4 Foreign		
	Exchange market Foreign Exchange Market: Meaning,		
	Functions, Determination of Equilibrium • Rate of		
	Exchange. Purchasing Power Parity Theory, Spot and		
	Forward Exchange Rates, Arbitrage. ● Role of Central		
	Bank in foreign exchange rate management, Managed		
	flexible• exchange rate system of India.		
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Teaching Plan

2021-22

Subject: Business Economics Class: TYBCOM Sem: V & VI

Faculty Name: Sejal Mishra, Rajdeep kamble, Natasha kalashi

Month	Topics to be covered	Assigned Lecture	Lectures Undertaken
June-July	Overview of New Economic Policy-1991, - Role of Social Infrastructure with reference to education, health and family welfare. Sustainable Development Goals and Policy measures: Make in India, Invest in India, and Skill Development and Training Programmes. Foreign Investment Policy Measures in India – Foreign Investment Promotion Board, FDI- MNCs and their role. Agriculture During Post Reform Period National Agricultural Policy 2000: Objectives, Features and Implications Agricultural pricing and agricultural finance Agricultural Marketing Development-Agricultural Market infrastructure - Market information- Marketing training- Enabling environments-Recent developments	25	25



ISMAIL YUSUF COLLEGE OF ARTS, SCIENCE & COMMERCE

August- September -October	Policy Measures- Competition Act 2003, Disinvestment Policy, Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises [MSME sector] since 2007. Industrial Pollution in India: Meaning, Types, Effects and Control. Service Sector: Recent trends, role and growth in Healthcare and Tourism Industry 4 Banking and Financial Market Banking Sector- Recent trends, issues and challenges in Banking and Insurance Industry Money Market — Structure, Limitations and Reforms. Capital Market — Structure, Growth and Reforms.	20	20
Dec-Jan	Theories of International Trade - Ricardo's Theory of Comparative Costs and • the Heckscher- Ohlin Theory. Terms of Trade - Types and Limitations. • Gains from International trade - Offer Curves and Reciprocal Demand. • 2 Commercial Policy Commercial Trade Policy —Free Trade and Protection — Pros and Cons. • Tariff And Non Tariff Barriers: Meaning, Types and Effects • International Economic Integration — Types and Objectives:-EU and Brexit, • ASAEN	20	20
Feb- March	Balance of Payment: Meaning, Structure, Types of Disequilibrium. Causes and measures to correct the disequilibrium in Balance of Payments WTO- Recent	25	25



ISMAIL YUSUF COLLEGE OF ARTS, SCIENCE & COMMERCE

Developments in TRIPS, TRIMS and GATS. ● 4 Foreign		
Exchange market Foreign Exchange Market: Meaning,		
Functions, Determination of Equilibrium • Rate of		
Exchange. Purchasing Power Parity Theory, Spot and		
Forward Exchange Rates, Arbitrage. ● Role of Central		
Bank in foreign exchange rate management, Managed		
flexible• exchange rate system of India.		
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Jogeshwari (East), Mumbai – 400060

Teaching Plan

2022-23

Subject: Business Economics Class: TYBCOM Sem: V & VI

Faculty Name: Prashant lemade, Pravin dube, Amina shaikh

Month	Topics to be covered	Assigned Lecture	Lectures Undertaken
June-July	Overview of New Economic Policy-1991, - Role of Social Infrastructure with reference to education, health and family welfare. Sustainable Development Goals and Policy measures: Make in India, Invest in India, and Skill Development and Training Programmes. Foreign Investment Policy Measures in India — Foreign Investment Promotion Board, FDI- MNCs and their role. Agriculture During Post Reform Period National Agricultural Policy 2000: Objectives, Features and Implications Agricultural pricing and agricultural finance Agricultural Marketing Development-Agricultural Market infrastructure - Market information- Marketing training- Enabling environments-Recent developments	25	25



ISMAIL YUSUF COLLEGE OF ARTS, SCIENCE & COMMERCE

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August- September -October	Policy Measures- Competition Act 2003, Disinvestment Policy, Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises [MSME sector] since 2007. Industrial Pollution in India: Meaning, Types, Effects and Control. Service Sector: Recent trends, role and growth in Healthcare and Tourism Industry 4 Banking and Financial Market Banking Sector- Recent trends, issues and challenges in Banking and Insurance Industry Money Market — Structure, Limitations and Reforms. Capital Market — Structure, Growth and Reforms.	20	20
Dec-Jan	Theories of International Trade - Ricardo's Theory of Comparative Costs and the Heckscher- Ohlin Theory. Terms of Trade - Types and Limitations. Gains from International trade - Offer Curves and Reciprocal Demand. 2 Commercial Policy Commercial Trade Policy —Free Trade and Protection — Pros and Cons. Tariff And Non Tariff Barriers: Meaning, Types and Effects International Economic Integration — Types and Objectives:-EU and Brexit, ASAEN	20	20



ISMAIL YUSUF COLLEGE OF ARTS, SCIENCE & COMMERCE

Feb-	Balance of Payment: Meaning, Structure, Types of	25	25	
March	Disequilibrium. • Causes and measures to correct the			
	disequilibrium in Balance of Payments • WTO- Recent			
	Developments in TRIPS, TRIMS and GATS. ● 4 Foreign			
	Exchange market Foreign Exchange Market: Meaning,			
	Functions, Determination of Equilibrium • Rate of			
	Exchange. Purchasing Power Parity Theory, Spot and			
	Forward Exchange Rates, Arbitrage. • Role of Central			
	Bank in foreign exchange rate management, Managed			
	flexible• exchange rate system of India.			



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Teaching Plan

2023-24

Subject: Business Economics Class: TYBCOM Sem: V & VI

Faculty Name: kunal bhor

Month	Topics to be covered	Assigned Lecture	Lectures Undertaken
June-July	Overview of New Economic Policy-1991, - Role of Social Infrastructure with reference to education, health and family welfare. Sustainable Development Goals and Policy measures: Make in India, Invest in India, and Skill Development and Training Programmes. Foreign Investment Policy Measures in India – Foreign Investment Promotion Board, FDI- MNCs and their role. Agriculture During Post Reform Period National Agricultural Policy 2000: Objectives, Features and Implications Agricultural pricing and agricultural finance Agricultural Marketing Development-Agricultural Market infrastructure - Market information- Marketing training- Enabling environments-Recent developments	25	25



ISMAIL YUSUF COLLEGE OF ARTS, SCIENCE & COMMERCE

August- September -October	Policy Measures- Competition Act 2003, Disinvestment Policy, Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises [MSME sector] since 2007. Industrial Pollution in India: Meaning, Types, Effects and Control. Service Sector: Recent trends, role and growth in Healthcare and Tourism Industry 4 Banking and Financial Market Banking Sector- Recent trends, issues and challenges in Banking and Insurance Industry Money Market — Structure, Limitations and Reforms. Capital Market — Structure, Growth and Reforms.	20	20
Dec-Jan	Theories of International Trade - Ricardo's Theory of Comparative Costs and • the Heckscher- Ohlin Theory. Terms of Trade - Types and Limitations. • Gains from International trade - Offer Curves and Reciprocal Demand. • 2 Commercial Policy Commercial Trade Policy —Free Trade and Protection — Pros and Cons. • Tariff And Non Tariff Barriers: Meaning, Types and Effects • International Economic Integration — Types and Objectives:-EU and Brexit, • ASAEN	20	20
Feb- March	Balance of Payment: Meaning, Structure, Types of Disequilibrium. Causes and measures to correct the disequilibrium in Balance of Payments WTO- Recent	25	25



ISMAIL YUSUF COLLEGE OF ARTS, SCIENCE & COMMERCE

Developments in TRIPS, TRIMS and GATS. ● 4 Foreign		
Exchange market Foreign Exchange Market: Meaning,		
Functions, Determination of Equilibrium • Rate of		
Exchange. Purchasing Power Parity Theory, Spot and		
Forward Exchange Rates, Arbitrage. ● Role of Central		
Bank in foreign exchange rate management, Managed		
flexible• exchange rate system of India.		
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